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**Minimum Operational Performance Standards  
for Global Positioning System / Aircraft-Based  
Augmentation System Airborne Equipment**

RTCA DO-316  
April 14, 2009

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2009 RTCA, Inc.

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## Foreword

This document was prepared by RTCA Special Committee 159 (SC-159) and approved by the RTCA Program Management Committee (PMC) on April 14, 2009.

RTCA, Incorporated is a not-for-profit corporation formed to advance the art and science of aviation and aviation electronic systems for the benefit of the public. The organization functions as a Federal Advisory Committee and develops consensus-based recommendations on contemporary aviation issues. RTCA's objectives include but are not limited to:

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- Analyzing and recommending solutions to the system technical issues that aviation faces as it continues to pursue increased safety, system capacity, and efficiency;
- Developing consensus on the application of pertinent technology to fulfill user and provider requirements, including development of Minimum Operation Performance Standards (MOPS) for electronic systems and equipment that support aviation; and
- Assisting in developing the appropriate technical material upon which positions for the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) and other appropriate international organizations can be based.

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## 1.0 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

### 1.1 Introduction

This document contains minimum operational performance standards (MOPS) for airborne navigation equipment using the Global Positioning System (GPS). DO-316 only provides standards for single-frequency airborne supplemental navigation sensor equipment not augmented by ground- or space-based systems. Separate standards exist for GPS augmented by ground- or space-based methods. Additionally, a separate document will be created in the future to address standards for dual frequency equipment. The basis for this MOPS is RTCA/DO-229D class beta 1 receiver without SBAS requirements.

In this document, the term “shall” is used to indicate requirements. An approved design should comply with every requirement, which can be assured by inspection, test, analysis, or demonstration. The term “must” is used to identify items that are important but are either duplicated somewhere else in the document as a “shall”, or are considered to be outside the scope of this document. The term “should” is used to denote a recommendation that would improve the GPS equipment, but does not constitute a requirement.

The standards define minimum performance, functions and features for GPS sensors that provide position information to a multi-sensor system or separate navigation system. They also address Area Navigation (RNAV) equipment to be used for the en route, terminal, and Lateral Navigation (LNAV) phases of flight. These standards are based upon a nominal allocation of the aircraft-level requirements in RTCA/DO-236B, *Minimum Aviation System Performance Standards: Required Navigation Performance for Area Navigation*, accounting for the unique issues associated with GPS navigation service and minimizing the need for pilot training.

Compliance with these standards by manufacturers, installers and users is recommended as one means of assuring that the equipment will satisfactorily perform its intended functions under conditions encountered in routine aeronautical operations, and will ensure a basic compatibility with the requirements defined in RTCA/DO-236B.

The regulatory application of these standards is the responsibility of appropriate government agencies. In the United States, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has published a Technical Standard Order (TSO) for GPS equipment to reference the requirements and bench test procedures in Section 2.

The word “equipment”, as used in this document, includes all components or units necessary (as determined by the equipment manufacturer or installer) to properly perform its intended function. For example, the airborne “equipment” may include: sensor(s), a computer unit, an input-output unit that interfaces with existing aircraft displays/systems, a control unit, a display, shock mount(s), etc. In the case of this example, all of the foregoing components or units constitute the “equipment”. It should not be inferred from this example, however, that all GPS navigation equipment will necessarily include all of the foregoing components or units. The particular components of GPS equipment will depend upon the design used by the equipment manufacturer, subject to the constraint that the equipment must meet the applicable requirements of this MOPS.