

NEMA C12.29 TR-2022

Field Testing of Electricity Meters

A Technical Report prepared by NEMA and registered with ANSI

Secretariat:

National Electrical Manufacturers Association

Registered December 6, 2020

American National Standards Institute, Inc.

NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

The information in this publication was considered technically sound by the consensus of persons engaged in the development and approval of the document at the time it was developed. Consensus does not necessarily mean that there is unanimous agreement among every person participating in the development of this document.

NEMA standards and guideline publications, of which the document contained herein is one, are developed through a voluntary consensus standards development process. This process brings together volunteers and/or seeks out the views of persons who have an interest in the topic covered by this publication. While NEMA administers the process and establishes rules to promote fairness in the development of consensus, it does not write the document and it does not independently test, evaluate, or verify the accuracy or completeness of any information or the soundness of any judgments contained in its standards and guideline publications.

NEMA disclaims liability for any personal injury, property, or other damages of any nature whatsoever, whether special, indirect, consequential, or compensatory, directly or indirectly resulting from the publication, use of, application, or reliance on this document. NEMA disclaims and makes no guaranty or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of any information published herein, and disclaims and makes no warranty that the information in this document will fulfill any of your particular purposes or needs. NEMA does not undertake to guarantee the performance of any individual manufacturer or seller's products or services by virtue of this standard or guide.

In publishing and making this document available, NEMA is not undertaking to render professional or other services for or on behalf of any person or entity, nor is NEMA undertaking to perform any duty owed by any person or entity to someone else. Anyone using this document should rely on his or her own independent judgment or, as appropriate, seek the advice of a competent professional in determining the exercise of reasonable care in any given circumstances. Information and other standards on the topic covered by this publication may be available from other sources, which the user may wish to consult for additional views or information not covered by this publication.

NEMA has no power, nor does it undertake to police or enforce compliance with the contents of this document. NEMA does not certify, test, or inspect products, designs, or installations for safety or health purposes. Any certification or other statement of compliance with any health or safety-related information in this document shall not be attributable to NEMA and is solely the responsibility of the certifier or maker of the statement.

Foreword

(This Foreword is not part of NEMA C12.29 TR-2022.)

With increasing emphasis being placed on technical reports both in the European Community and internationally, it is important to have an established mechanism for the registration of such technical reports. This is particularly important in areas of developing technology that may eventually be covered by International Standards but for which the only documentation currently available is an International Technical Report. Accredited Standards Developers develop technical reports that are useful in conjunction with American National Standards. These are often informational or tutorial in nature, or give methods for application of an American National Standard. Registration of such documents is undertaken by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to encourage widespread use and acceptance, not only of the technical report, but also of the related American National Standard.

All material contained in a technical report that has been registered with ANSI is informational in nature. Technical reports may include, for example, reports of technical research, tutorials, factual data obtained from a survey carried out among Standards Developers and/or National Bodies, or information on the “state of the art” in relation to standards of National or International bodies on a particular subject. Technical reports may not be used as a way to circumvent the regular consensus process for approval of an American National Standard.

This technical report provides guidance for expected performance for electricity meters tested in the field.

Suggestions for improvement to this technical report are welcome. They should be sent to:

NEMA Technical and Industry Affairs Department
National Electrical Manufacturers Association
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 900
Rosslyn, VA 22209

This technical report was processed and approved for submission to ANSI by Accredited Standards Committee for Electricity Metering, C12. At the time the committee approved this standard, the C12 Committee had the following members:

Tom Nelson, Chair

NEMA

Paul Orr, Secretary

NEMA

Organization Represented:

Name of Representative:

Aclara

Curt Crittenden

Baltimore Gas & Electric Company

Sean Gorman

Brooks Utility Products

Robert Kiessling

Duke Energy

Kerry Barnette

Edwards Precision Power

Shannon Edwards

Everate Energy

Lawrence Kotewa

EverNex

Aaron Snyder

ERCOT

Don Tucker

Eurofins MET Labs

Jim Reed

Florida Power & Light Company

Eduardo Sotolongo

Future DOS R&D Inc.

Avygdor Moise

Greenville Light & Power	Ron Zook
Honeywell Smart Energy	Scott Holdsclaw
Hydro-Québec	Jean-Luc Sabourin
Itron, Inc.	Brent Cain
Landis+Gyr	Frank Boudreau
Milbank Manufacturing Company	Shawn Glasgow
Networked Energy Services Corporation	Larry Colton
NIST	Tom Nelson
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	Zach Hughes
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Alex Yan
Power Measurements, LLC	William Hardy
Public Service Electric & Gas	David Ellis
Radian Research, Inc.	Frank Boudreau
SaskPower	Bin Lu
Schneider Electric	Piotr Przydatek
Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories, Inc.	Don MacArthur
Sensus, A Xylem Brand	Andrew Dudding
Southern Company	Anthony Bell
Technology for Energy Corporation	Steve Hudson
TESCO - The Eastern Specialty Company	Tom Lawton
UL LLC	Scott Hunter
Watthour Engineering Company, Inc	Lea Wren
Xcel Energy	Dan Nordell

Contents

Foreword.....	i
1 Scope	1
2 Background	1
3 References.....	1
4 Environmental conditions.....	1
4.1 Temperature	1
4.2 Voltage.....	2
4.3 Current.....	2
4.4 Frequency.....	2
4.5 Other influence quantities and disturbances	2
5 Test methods.....	3
5.1 Testing using test set supplied voltages and currents.....	3
5.2 Testing using site voltage and test set supplied current.....	3
5.3 Testing using site voltage and current.....	3
5.4 Test equipment requirements.....	3
6 Performance expectations.....	3
6.1 Performance under normal operating conditions	4
6.2 Error under other operating conditions	4
6.3 Corrective actions	5

Tables

Table 1 – Temperature ranges.....	1
Table 2 – Voltage quality (harmonic content).....	2
Table 3 – Current ranges by current class.....	2
Table 4 – Current ranges by harmonic content.....	2
Table 5 – Field test equipment accuracy.....	3
Table 6 – Allowable meter error.....	4

Field Testing of Electricity Meters

1 Scope

This document establishes guidelines for the testing of electricity meters in the field.

2 Background

Testing of electricity meters in the field is significantly different than testing meters in a laboratory. In the field there may be little control of the environment or load conditions. The purpose of this document is to describe the conditions under which field test can be expected to provide useful results and the errors one might encounter.

The philosophy behind the approach taken here is quite different from the normal laboratory approach. In the laboratory the technician carefully establishes the environmental conditions then performs the testing. In the field we generally have neither control over the environment nor detailed knowledge of it. Therefore, the approach of this document is to perform the test without prior consideration of the details of test conditions. If the results fall within the expected errors, then the meter is accepted as passing the test. If the results fall outside of the expected range, then further investigation is done to determine if the test conditions fall outside the normal range. If they are within the normal range, then the meter has failed the test. If the operating conditions fall outside the normal range, then further evaluation is required.

3 References

ANSI C12.1 *American National Standard for Electric Meters—Code for Electricity Metering*

ANSI C12.20 *American National Standard for Electricity Meters—0.1, 0.2, and 0.5 Accuracy Classes*

Where the date of the referenced document is not shown, the latest published version of the document applies.

4 Environmental conditions

In field testing we do not have control of the test environment.

4.1 Temperature

For the purpose of field testing, temperature has been broken into three ranges:

Table 1 – Temperature ranges

Low Temperature Range (LTR)	$T_{min} < T < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$	Where T_{min} is the lowest operating temperature certified by the meter manufacturer.
Nominal Temperature Range (NTR)	$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	Range over which performance is expected to match the “Nominal” requirements.
High Temperature Range (HTR)	$50^{\circ}\text{C} < T < T_{max}$	Where T_{max} is the highest operating temperature certified by the meter manufacturer.