

IPC J-STD-003C-WAM1  
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Supersedes J-STD-003C  
September 2013

# **JOINT INDUSTRY STANDARD**

Solderability  
Tests for  
Printed Boards



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IPC J-STD-003C-WAM1 with Amendment 1

# Solderability Tests for Printed Boards

Developed by the Printed Circuit Board Solderability Specifications Task Group (5-23c) of the Assembly and Joining Committee (5-20) of IPC

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# Table of Contents

<b>1 GENERAL</b> .....	1	3.3.3 Optical Inspection Equipment .....	7
1.1 Scope .....	1	3.3.4 Dipping Equipment .....	7
1.2 Purpose .....	1	3.3.5 Timing Equipment .....	7
1.3 Objective .....	1	3.4 Preparation for Testing .....	7
1.3.1 Definition of Requirements .....	1	3.4.1 Test Specimen Preparation and Conditioning for Test .....	7
1.3.2 Document Hierarchy .....	1	3.4.2 Pretest Conditioning .....	7
1.4 Classification .....	1	3.4.3 Steam Preconditioning Apparatus .....	7
1.5 Test Method Classification .....	2	3.4.4 Steam Conditioning .....	8
1.5.1 Visual Acceptance Criteria Tests .....	2	3.4.5 Baking .....	8
1.5.2 Force Measurement Criteria Tests .....	2	3.5 Solder Bath Requirement .....	8
1.6 Test Method Selection .....	2	3.5.1 Solder Temperatures .....	8
1.6.1 New Surface Finishes Not Covered in 6010 or by 4500 Series Documents .....	2	3.5.2 Solder Contamination Control .....	8
1.7 Test Specimen Requirements .....	2	<b>4 TEST PROCEDURES</b> .....	9
1.8 Coating Durability – SnPb Containing (HASL and Plated and Reflowed SnPb) Surface Finishes .....	3	4.1 Test Procedure Limitations .....	9
1.9 Coating Durability – Non-SnPb Surface Finishes .....	4	4.1.1 Application of Flux .....	9
<b>2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS</b> .....	5	4.2 Test with Established Accept/Reject Criteria .....	9
2.1 Industry .....	5	4.2.1 Edge Dip Test .....	9
2.1.1 IPC .....	5	4.2.2 Wire Solder Test: .....	12
2.2 Joint Industry Standards .....	5	4.2.3 Surface Mount Simulation Test .....	13
<b>3 REQUIREMENTS</b> .....	5	4.3 Tests with Force Measurement Criteria .....	15
3.1 Terms and Definitions .....	5	4.3.1 Wetting Balance Test .....	15
3.1.1 Contact Angle, Soldering* .....	5	4.4 6010 Solder Float Test .....	18
3.1.2 Dewetting* .....	5	4.4.1 Solder Float Test Tin/Lead Solder .....	18
3.1.3 Dissolution of Component Metallization (Leaching)* .....	5	4.4.2 Apparatus .....	18
3.1.4 Equilibrium Wetting .....	5	4.4.3 Evaluation .....	19
3.1.5 Nonwetting, Solder* .....	5	<b>5 EVALUATION AIDS</b> .....	20
3.1.6 Pinhole* .....	5	5.1 Evaluation Aids – Surface .....	20
3.1.7 Solderability* .....	5	5.2 Evaluation Aids – For Class 3 PTHs .....	21
3.1.8 Solder Connection Pinhole* .....	5	<b>6 NOTES</b> .....	22
3.1.9 Wetting, Solder* .....	5	6.1 Correction for Buoyancy .....	22
3.2 Materials .....	6	6.2 Preheat .....	22
3.2.1 Solder .....	6	6.3 Prebaking .....	22
3.2.2 Flux .....	6	6.4 Safety Note .....	22
3.2.3 Flux Removal .....	6	6.5 Use of Nonactivated Flux .....	22
3.3 Equipment .....	6	6.6 Solder Contact .....	22
3.3.1 Pre-Conditioning Equipment .....	6	<b>APPENDIX A Calculation of Maximum Theoretical Force for a Rectangular Cross-Section</b> .....	23
3.3.2 Solder Pot/Bath .....	6	<b>APPENDIX B Calculation of Area under the Wetting Curve</b> .....	25
		<b>APPENDIX C Informative Annex</b> .....	26

**APPENDIX D Test Protocol for Wetting Balance Gauge Repeatability and Reproducibility (G R&R) Using Copper Foil Coupons ..... 28**

**APPENDIX E J-STD-002/J-STD-003 Activated Solderability Test Flux Rationale Committee Letter ..... 30**

**Figures**

Figure 3-1 Contact Angle..... 5  
 Figure 3-2 Example Reticle ..... 7  
 Figure 4-1 Edge Dip Solderability Test..... 10  
 Figure 4-2 Legacy S-Coupon Test Specimen for PTHs..... 10  
 Figure 4-3 New S-Coupon Layout (mm [in]) ..... 11  
 Figure 4-4 Suggested Test Specimen for Surface Mount Features..... 12  
 Figure 4-5 Effectiveness of Solder Wetting of Plated-Through Holes – Class 3 below 3.0 mm ..... 13  
 Figure 4-6 Examples of Solder Wetting of PTHs – Class 3 below 3.0 mm ..... 14  
 Figure 4-7 Arrangement for the Test Apparatus (Solder Bath Wetting Balance Method) ..... 15  
 Figure 4-8 Arrangement for the Test Apparatus (Solder Globule Wetting Balance Method) ..... 15  
 Figure 4-9 Suggested Wetting Balance and Soldering Immersion Test Specimens ..... 16  
 Figure 4-10 Wetting Balance Test Soldering Immersion at 90° for Double Sided Finishes..... 16  
 Figure 4-11 Wetting Balance Test Soldering Immersion at 20 to 40° for Single Sided Coupons/ Samples Removed from Printed Boards ..... 16  
 Figure 4-12 Set A Wetting Curve..... 18

Figure 4-13 Set B Wetting Curve ..... 18  
 Figure 5-1 I Sn Surface Finish Showing Uniform Wetting ..... 20  
 Figure 5-2 I Sn Surface Finish Showing Chronic Dewetting ..... 20  
 Figure 5-3 ENIG Exhibiting Nonwetting..... 20  
 Figure 5-4 ENIG Exhibiting Nonwetting..... 20  
 Figure 5-5 ENIG Exhibiting Dewetting..... 21  
 Figure 5-6 ENIG Exhibiting Dewetting..... 21  
 Figure 5-7 HASL Surface Finish after Wetting Balance Testing, showing Excellent Wetting and Positive Advancement of Solder..... 21

**Tables**

Table 1-1 Solderability Test Method Selection ..... 3  
 Table 1-2 Final Finish Conditioning/ Stress Testing for Category 3 Coating Durability<sup>a</sup> ..... 4  
 Table 3-1 Flux Composition ..... 6  
 Table 3-2 Steam Temperature Requirements ..... 7  
 Table 3-3 Maximum Limit of Solder Bath Contaminant .... 9  
 Table 4-1 Stencil Thickness Requirements..... 14  
 Table 4-2 Reflow Parameter Requirements – SnPb..... 14  
 Table 4-3 Lead-Free Reflow Parameter Requirements .... 15  
 Table 4-4 Pass/Fail Criteria for Specific Surface Finishes Using Eutectic SnPb..... 17  
 Table 4-5 Pass/Fail Criteria for Specific Surface Finishes Using SAC305 Solder ..... 17  
 Table 4-6 Wetting Balance Parameter and Suggested Criteria..... 18  
 Table E-1 Flux Compositions..... 30

# Solderability Tests for Printed Boards

## 1 GENERAL

**1.1 Scope** This standard prescribes test methods, defect definitions, and illustrations for assessing the solderability of printed wiring board surface conductors, attachment lands, and plated-through holes (PTHs). This standard is intended for use by both user and supplier.

This standard is not intended to verify the potential of successful processing at assembly or to evaluate design impact on wettability. This standard describes procedures or methods to determine the acceptable wettability of a surface finish. Wettability can be affected by handling, finish application, and environmental conditions.

**1.2 Purpose** This standard describes solderability determinations that are made to verify that the printed board fabrication processes and subsequent storage have had no adverse effect on the solderability of those portions of the printed board intended to be soldered. Reference coupons or representative portions of a printed board may be used. Solderability is determined by evaluation of a test specimen which has been processed as part of a panel of boards and subsequently removed for testing per the method selected.

**1.3 Objective** To provide solderability test methods to determine the acceptance of printed board surface conductors, attachment lands, and PTHs to wet easily with solder, and to withstand the rigors of a printed board assembly processes.

**1.3.1 Definition of Requirements** The word “shall” is used in the text of this document wherever there is a requirement for materials, preparation, process control, or acceptance of a soldered connection or a test method. The word “should” reflects “best processing techniques” and is used to reflect general industry practices and a suggestion for guidance only.

**1.3.2 Document Hierarchy** In the event of conflict, the following, depending order of precedence applies:

- Procurement documentation AABUS, which should include expected shelf life requirements if stored and handled properly.
- Master drawing or master assembly drawing reflecting the user’s detailed requirements.
- When required by the customer or per contractual agreement, this document, J-STD-003.
- Other documents, to the extent specified by the customer.

**1.4 Classification** Three general classes have been established to reflect progressive increases in sophistication, functional performance requirements, and testing/inspection frequency as defined in the IPC-6010 series of documents.

The user is responsible for defining the product class. The product class should be stated in the procurement documentation package.

### **CLASS 1 General Electronic Products**

Includes products suitable for applications where the major requirement is function of the completed assembly.

### **CLASS 2 Dedicated Service Electronic Products**

Includes products where continued performance and extended life is required, and for which uninterrupted service is desired but not critical. Typically the end-use environment would not cause failures.

### **CLASS 3 High Performance Electronic Products**

Includes products where continued high performance or performance-on-demand is critical, equipment downtime cannot be tolerated, end-use environment may be uncommonly harsh, and the equipment must function when required, such as life support or other critical systems.

Printed board performance classes do not dictate the surface finish durability rating that may be specified. Category 2/Category A durability is the default coating durability rating.

This standard relies on input from the 4-14 plating process subcommittee and the 4500 series of printed board surface finish documents generated in that subcommittee to determine the durability rating potential for each specified finish. This document and the appropriate 4500 series document should be considered complimentary to one another.