

# IEEE Guide for the Application of Surge-Protective Components in Surge Protective Devices and Equipment Ports—Part 1: Gas Discharge Tubes (GDTs)

IEEE Power and Energy Society

Sponsored by the  
Surge Protective Devices Committee

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**Surge Protective Devices Committee**  
of the  
**IEEE Power and Energy Society**

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**Abstract:** Covered in the IEEE C62.42 guide series are surge protective components (SPCs) used in power and telecom surge protective devices (SPDs) and equipment ports. Covered in this standard on gas discharge tube (GDT) technology SPCs are the following: component construction, characteristics, ratings, and application examples. The application examples are given in two informative annexes covering: basic circuits and protection circuits specific to communications, local area networks, high frequency feeds, and industrial services.

**Keywords:** arc region, back-up air-gap device, breakdown, capacitance, discharge, follow current, gas discharge tube, GDT, glow region, holdover voltage, IEEE C62.42.1™, insulation resistance, sparkover, three-electrode, two-electrode

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## Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std C62.42.1–2016, IEEE Guide for the Application of Surge-Protective Components in Surge Protective Devices and Equipment Ports—Part 1: Gas Discharge Tubes (GDTs).

Gas discharge tubes consist of two or more metal electrodes separated by a small gap and held by a ceramic or glass cylinder. The cylinder is filled with a noble gas mixture, which sparks over into a glow discharge and finally an arc condition when sufficient surge current is available. Because of their switching action and rugged construction, gas tubes exceed other voltage limiting surge protective components in current-carrying capability. Many gas tubes intended for telecommunication applications can easily carry surge currents as high as 10 kA, 8/20; further, depending on design and size of the gas tube, surge current values of  $> 100$  kA, 8/20 can be achieved. The construction of gas discharge tubes is such that they have very low capacitance, generally less than 2 pF. This low capacitance means that GDTs are extensively used in modern broadband communication systems.

This standard describes GDT construction, their voltage-current characteristics, characteristic properties, ratings, and circuit examples. Figures and circuit performance values reprinted in [Annex C](#) are with permission from Phoenix Contact GmbH and Co. KG, Catalog 6: Surge Protection and Power Supply Units 2013/2014, © 2013.

## Contents

1. Overview .....	11
1.1 Scope .....	11
2. Normative references .....	11
3. Definitions, graphical symbols, and acronyms .....	12
3.1 Definitions .....	12
3.2 Graphical symbols .....	12
3.3 Acronyms .....	13
4. Component construction .....	14
5. Characteristics .....	16
5.1 GDT sparkover voltage .....	16
5.2 GDT glow voltage .....	18
5.3 GDT arc voltage .....	18
5.4 GDT dc holdover voltage .....	18
5.5 GDT capacitance .....	19
5.6 GDT oscillation .....	19
6. Ratings .....	19
6.1 GDT surge current capability .....	19
6.2 AC discharge current test .....	20
6.3 Alternative follow current test .....	21
Annex A (informative) Bibliography .....	22
Annex B (informative) Basic application circuits .....	23
Annex C (informative) Examples of GDT circuits for specific network applications .....	32
Annex D (informative) Air-gaps .....	43

## List of Figures

Figure 1—Two-electrode (a) and three-electrode (b) GDT symbols .....	13
Figure 2—MOV symbol .....	13
Figure 3—PN junction diodes; rectifier (a), unidirectional breakdown (b), bidirectional breakdown (c), reverse blocking thyristor (d), and reverse conducting thyristor (e) symbols .....	13
Figure 4—“See-through” view of a surface mount two-electrode GDT .....	14
Figure 5—“See-through” view of a leaded three-electrode GDT .....	15
Figure 6—Typical GDT volt-ampere characteristic .....	16
Figure 7—Example of fast dv/dt sparkover voltage variation with dc sparkover voltage .....	17
Figure 8—350 V GDT dc sparkover voltage variation with repetitive surging .....	18
Figure 9—GDT oscillation traces .....	20
Figure B.1—3-electrode and 2-electrode GDT operation .....	23
Figure B.2—Primary protector and modem .....	24
Figure B.3—GDT ground bonding during surge .....	24
Figure B.4—Modem “pass under” interface design to avoid 600 Ω ac current conduction .....	25
Figure B.5—Parallel GDT-MOV hybrid .....	26
Figure B.6—Series GDT-MOV hybrid .....	27
Figure B.7—Three-electrode GDT with a common terminal switch action .....	28
Figure B.8—Cascaded primary protection example .....	29
Figure B.9—Series connected GDT sparkover operation .....	30
Figure B.10—Series connected GDT sparkover operation with shunt capacitors .....	31
Figure C.1—xDSL 5-pin primary protector .....	32
Figure C.2—xDSL 5-pin primary protector with PTC thermistor coordination elements for low impedance equipment .....	33
Figure C.3—T1D in-line SPD .....	34
Figure C.4—T1S in-line SPD .....	34
Figure C.5—T1E1 in-line SPD .....	35
Figure C.6—10/100 Mbps Ethernet in-line SPD .....	36
Figure C.7—PoE in-line SPD .....	36
Figure C.8—PoE Plus in-line SPD .....	37
Figure C.9—RS 232 in-line SPD .....	38

Figure C.10—RS 485 in-line SPD.....	39
Figure C.11—INTERBUS in-line SPD.....	39
Figure C.12—Cable modem, satellite TV in-line SPD.....	40
Figure C.13—Video camera feed in-line SPD.....	40
Figure C.14—Antenna feed shunt SPD.....	41
Figure C.15—Generic in-line measurement, ac and dc control SPD.....	41
Figure C.16—In-line PSU powering SPD.....	42

# IEEE Guide for the Application of Surge-Protective Components in Surge Protective Devices and Equipment Ports—Part 1: Gas Discharge Tubes (GDTs)

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## 1. Overview

### 1.1 Scope

The IEEE C62.42 guide series covers surge protective components (SPCs) used in power and telecom surge protective devices (SPDs) and equipment ports. This part on gas discharge tube (GDT) technology SPCs covers:

- Component construction
- Characteristics
- Ratings
- Application examples

## 2. Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document (i.e., they must be understood and used, so each referenced document is cited in text and its relationship to this document is