

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Measurement of the complex permittivity for low-loss dielectric substrates
balanced-type circular disk resonator method**

**Méthode du résonateur symétrique à disque circulaire pour mesurer la
permittivité complexe des substrats diélectriques à faible perte**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**MEASUREMENT OF THE COMPLEX PERMITTIVITY
FOR LOW-LOSS DIELECTRIC SUBSTRATES
BALANCED-TYPE CIRCULAR DISK RESONATOR METHOD**

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IEC 63185 has been prepared by subcommittee 46F: RF and microwave passive components, of IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, RF connectors, RF and microwave passive components and accessories. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2020. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the upper limit of the applicable frequency range has been extended from 110 GHz to 170 GHz;
- b) circular disk resonators used for the measurements now include one with waveguide interfaces;

- c) in calculating the complex permittivity from the measured resonant properties, the fringing fields are now accurately taken into account based on the mode-matching analysis.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

| Draft | Report on voting |
|--------------|------------------|
| 46F/699/FDIS | 46F/702/RVD |

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

MEASUREMENT OF THE COMPLEX PERMITTIVITY FOR LOW-LOSS DIELECTRIC SUBSTRATES BALANCED-TYPE CIRCULAR DISK RESONATOR METHOD

1 Scope

This document relates to a measurement method for complex permittivity of dielectric substrates at microwave and millimeter-wave frequencies. This method has been developed to evaluate the dielectric properties of low-loss materials used in microwave and millimeter-wave circuits and devices. It uses higher-order modes of a balanced-type circular disk resonator and provides broadband measurements of dielectric substrates by using one resonator, where the effect of excitation holes and that of fringing fields are taken into account accurately on the basis of the mode-matching analysis.

In comparison with the conventional method described in IEC 62810 and IEC 61338-1-3, this method has the following characteristics:

- the values of the relative permittivity ϵ_r' and loss tangent $\tan \delta$ normal to dielectric plate samples can be measured accurately and non-destructively;
- this method presents broadband measurements by using higher-order modes by one resonator;
- this method is applicable for the measurements under the following conditions:
 - frequency: $10 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 170 \text{ GHz}$;
 - relative permittivity: $1 \leq \epsilon_r' \leq 10$;
 - loss tangent: $10^{-4} \leq \tan \delta \leq 10^{-2}$.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Measurement parameters

The measurement parameters are defined as follows:

$$\epsilon_r = \epsilon_r' - j\epsilon_r'' \quad (1)$$