

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems  
Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems –  
Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies**

**Entraînements électriques de puissance à vitesse variable –  
Partie 7-301: Interface générique et utilisation de profils pour les entraînements  
électriques de puissance – Mise en correspondance du profil de type 1 avec les  
technologies de réseaux**



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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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### **ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –**

### **Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems – Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies**

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International Standard IEC 61800-7-301 has been prepared by subcommittee SC 22G: Adjustable speed electric drive systems incorporating semiconductor power converters, of IEC technical committee TC 22: Power electronic systems and equipment.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- Additional mappings to communication systems are included (see Clause 6 and Clause 7).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

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22G/311/FDIS	22G/326/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

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## INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61800 series is intended to provide a common set of specifications for adjustable speed electrical power drive systems.

IEC 61800-7 specifies profiles for power drive systems (PDS) and their mapping to existing communication systems by use of a generic interface model.

IEC 61800-7 describes a generic interface between control systems and power drive systems. This interface can be embedded in the control system. The control system itself can also be located in the drive (sometimes known as "smart drive" or "intelligent drive").

A variety of physical interfaces is available (analogue and digital inputs and outputs, serial and parallel interfaces, fieldbuses and networks). Profiles based on specific physical interfaces are already defined for some application areas (e.g. motion control) and some device classes (e.g. standard drives, positioner). The implementations of the associated drivers and application programming interface are proprietary and vary widely.

IEC 61800-7 defines a set of common drive control functions, parameters, and state machines or description of sequences of operation to be mapped to the drive profiles.

IEC 61800-7 provides a way to access functions and data of a drive that is independent of the used drive profile and communication interface. The objective is a common drive model with generic functions and objects suitable to be mapped on different communication interfaces. This makes it possible to provide common implementations of motion control (or velocity control or drive control applications) in controllers without any specific knowledge of the drive implementation.

There are several reasons to define a generic interface:

### **For a drive device manufacturer**

- less effort to support system integrators;
- less effort to describe drive functions because of common terminology;
- the selection of drives does not depend on availability of specific support;

### **For a control device manufacturer**

- no influence of bus technology;
- easy device integration;
- independent of a drive supplier;

### **For a system integrator**

- less integration effort for devices;
- only one understandable way of modeling;
- independent of bus technology.

Much effort is needed to design a motion control application with several different drives and a specific control system. The tasks to implement the system software and to understand the functional description of the individual components may exhaust the project resources. In some cases, the drives do not share the same physical interface. Some control devices just support a single interface, which will not be supported by a specific drive. On the other hand, the functions and data structures are often specified with incompatibilities. This requires the system integrator to write special interfaces for the application software and this should not be his responsibility.

Some applications need device exchangeability or integration of new devices in an existing configuration. They are faced with different incompatible solutions. The efforts to adapt a solution to a drive profile and to manufacturer-specific extensions may be unacceptable. This will reduce the degree of freedom to select a device best suited for this application to the selection of the unit, which will be available for a specific physical interface and supported by the controller.

IEC 61800-7-1 is divided into a generic part and several annexes as shown in Figure 1. The drive profile types for CiA® 402<sup>1</sup>, CIP Motion™<sup>2</sup>, PROFIdrive<sup>3</sup> and SERCOS®<sup>4</sup> are mapped to the generic interface in the corresponding annex. The annexes have been submitted by open international network or fieldbus organizations, which are responsible for the content of the related annex and use of the related trade marks.

The different profile types 1, 2, 3, 4 are specified in IEC 61800-7-201, IEC 61800-7-202, IEC 61800-7-203 and IEC 61800-7-204.

This part of IEC 61800-7 specifies how the profile type 1 (CiA® 402) is mapped to the network technologies CANopen®<sup>5</sup>, CC-Link IE® Field Network<sup>6</sup>, EPA™<sup>7</sup>, EtherCAT®<sup>8</sup> and Ethernet Powerlink™<sup>9</sup>.

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<sup>1</sup> CiA® 402 is a registered trade mark of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA) This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark CiA® 402. Use of the registered trade mark CiA® 402 requires permission of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA).

<sup>2</sup> CIP Motion™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark CIP Motion™. Use of the trade mark CIP Motion™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

<sup>3</sup> PROFIdrive is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFIdrive. Use of the trade name PROFIdrive requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.

<sup>4</sup> SERCOS® is a registered trade mark of SERCOS International e.V. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark SERCOS®. Use of the registered trade mark SERCOS® requires permission of the trade mark holder.

<sup>5</sup> CANopen® is a registered trade mark of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA). This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark CANopen®. CANopen® is an acronym for Controller Area Network *open* and is used to refer to EN 50325-4. Use of the registered trade mark CANopen® requires permission of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA).

<sup>6</sup> CC-Link IE® Field Network is a registered trade mark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark CC-Link IE® Field Network. Use of the registered trade mark CC-Link IE® Field Network requires permission of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation.

<sup>7</sup> EPA™ is a trade mark of SUPCON Group Co. Ltd. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark EPA™. Use of the trade mark EPA™ requires permission of the trade mark holder.

<sup>8</sup> EtherCAT® is a registered trade mark of Beckhoff, Verl. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark EtherCAT®. Use of the registered trade mark requires permission of the trade mark holder.

<sup>9</sup> Ethernet Powerlink™ is a trade mark of Bernecker & Rainer Industrieelektronik Ges.m.b.H., control of trade mark is given to the non profit organization EPSG. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark Ethernet Powerlink™. Use of the trade mark requires permission of the trade mark holder.

IEC 61800-7-302, IEC 61800-7-303 and IEC 61800-7-304 specify how the profile types 2, 3 and 4 are mapped to different network technologies (such as EtherCAT®, DeviceNet™<sup>10</sup>, ControlNet™<sup>11</sup>, EtherNet/IP™<sup>12</sup>, PROFIBUS<sup>13</sup>, PROFINET<sup>14</sup> and SERCOS®).

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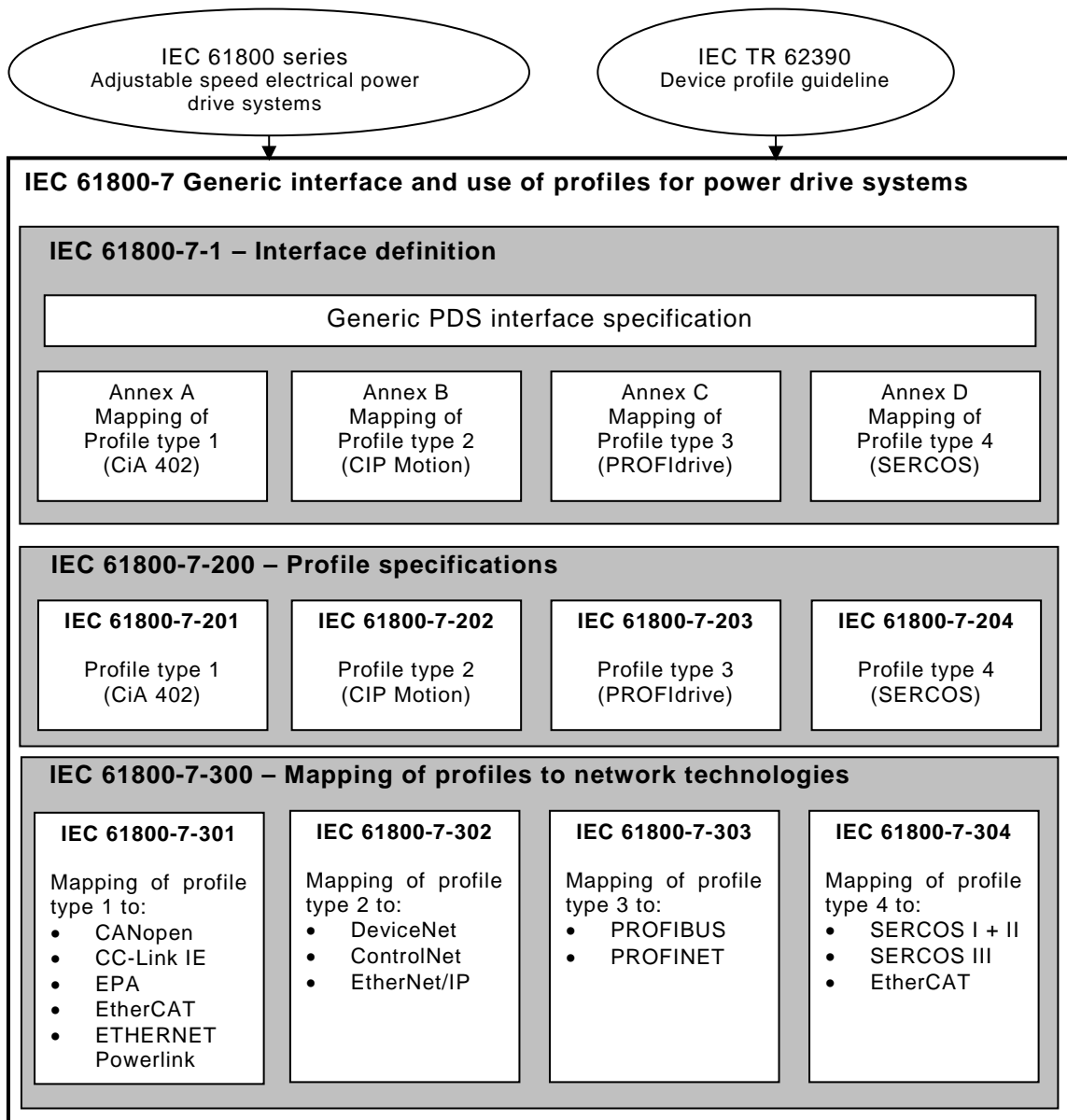
<sup>10</sup> DeviceNet™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark DeviceNet™. Use of the trade mark DeviceNet™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

<sup>11</sup> ControlNet™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark ControlNet™. Use of the trade mark ControlNet™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

<sup>12</sup> EtherNet/IP™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark EtherNet/IP™. Use of the trade mark EtherNet/IP™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

<sup>13</sup> PROFIBUS is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFIBUS. Use of the trade name PROFIBUS requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.

<sup>14</sup> PROFINET is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFINET. Use of the trade name PROFINET requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.



IEC

Figure 1 – Structure of IEC 61800-7

## ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –

### Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems – Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61800 specifies the mapping of the profile type 1 (CiA 402) specified in IEC 61800-7-201 onto different network technologies.

The functions specified in this part of IEC 61800-7 are not intended to ensure functional safety. This requires additional measures according to the relevant standards, agreements and laws.

- CANopen, see Clause 5;
- CC-Link IE Field, see Clause 6;
- EPA, see Clause 7;
- EtherCAT, see Clause 8;
- ETHERNET Powerlink, see Clause 9;

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-4-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 4-14: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 14 elements*

IEC 61158-5-12, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-12: Application layer service definition – Type 12 elements*

IEC 61158-5-13, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-13: Application layer service definition – Type 13 elements*

IEC 61158-5-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-14: Application layer service definition – Type 14 elements*

IEC 61158-5-23, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-23: Application layer service definition – Type 23 elements*

IEC 61158-6-12, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-12: Application layer protocol specification – Type 12 elements*

IEC 61158-6-13, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-13: Application layer protocol specification – Type 13 elements*

IEC 61158-6-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specification – Part 6-14: Application layer protocol specification – Type 14 elements*