

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Photovoltaic (PV) module safety qualification –  
Part 1: Requirements for construction**

**Qualification pour la sûreté de fonctionnement des modules  
photovoltaïques (PV) –  
Partie 1: Exigences pour la construction**



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## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	5
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references .....	8
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms.....	10
3.1 General terms and definitions .....	11
3.2 Components .....	11
3.3 Installation and application.....	12
3.4 Insulation concepts .....	13
3.5 Ratings .....	16
3.6 Temperatures .....	17
3.7 Voltages .....	17
3.8 Bifacial photovoltaics .....	18
4 Symbols and abbreviated terms.....	19
5 Classification, applications and intended use.....	19
5.1 General.....	19
5.2 PV modules of Class 0.....	19
5.2.1 General .....	19
5.2.2 Insulation.....	19
5.2.3 Application.....	19
5.3 PV modules of Class II.....	20
5.3.1 General .....	20
5.3.2 Insulation.....	20
5.3.3 Application.....	20
5.4 PV modules of Class III.....	20
5.4.1 General .....	20
5.4.2 Insulation.....	20
5.4.3 Application.....	20
5.5 Rating categories and special applications.....	21
6 Requirements for design and construction .....	22
6.1 General.....	22
6.2 Marking and documentation .....	23
6.2.1 General .....	23
6.2.2 Marking .....	23
6.2.3 Documentation .....	27
6.3 Electrical components and insulation .....	30
6.3.1 General .....	30
6.3.2 Internal wiring.....	30
6.3.3 External wiring and cables.....	30
6.3.4 Module overcurrent protection rating .....	30
6.3.5 Connectors.....	30
6.3.6 Junction boxes .....	30
6.3.7 Frontsheets and backsheets.....	31
6.3.8 Insulation barriers.....	31
6.3.9 Electrical connections.....	31
6.3.10 Encapsulants.....	32
6.3.11 Bypass diodes .....	32

6.4	Mechanical and electromechanical connections .....	32
6.4.1	General .....	32
6.4.2	Screw connections.....	33
6.4.3	Rivets .....	34
6.4.4	Thread-cutting screws .....	34
6.4.5	Form/press/tight fit .....	34
6.4.6	Connections by adhesives .....	34
6.4.7	Other connections .....	35
6.5	Materials.....	35
6.5.1	General .....	35
6.5.2	Polymeric materials .....	35
6.5.3	Metallic materials.....	38
6.5.4	Adhesives.....	38
6.6	Protection against electric shock.....	38
6.6.1	General .....	38
6.6.2	Protection against accessibility to hazardous live parts.....	39
6.6.3	Insulation coordination.....	40
6.6.4	Distance through functional and relied upon insulation .....	47
Annex A (normative)	Symbol "Do not disconnect under load".....	50
Annex B (normative)	Basis for insulation coordination dimensions .....	51
B.1	General.....	51
B.2	Influencing factors .....	51
B.2.1	General .....	51
B.2.2	Overvoltage category and rated impulse voltage.....	51
B.2.3	Working voltage.....	52
B.2.4	Pollution degree .....	52
B.2.5	Insulating material – material groups .....	53
B.3	Clearances .....	53
B.4	Creepage distances .....	54
B.4.1	General .....	54
B.4.2	Enclosed parts .....	54
B.5	Distance through insulation.....	55
B.5.1	Cemented joints.....	55
B.5.2	Insulation in thin layers (DTI).....	55
B.5.3	Distance through functional insulation (DTFI) .....	56
Annex C (informative)	Specific use cases .....	57
C.1	Modules.....	57
C.1.1	General .....	57
C.1.2	Insulation coordination diagrams .....	57
C.2	Insulation coordination after mounting of components.....	64
C.2.1	General .....	64
C.2.2	Backsheets.....	65
C.2.3	Junction box .....	66
Bibliography	.....	68
Figure 1 – IEC 60417-5021:2002-10 .....		26
Figure 2 – IEC 60417-5017:2006-08 .....		26
Figure 3 – IEC 60417-5018:2011-07 .....		26

Figure A.1 – Symbol "DO NOT DISCONNECT UNDER LOAD" .....	50
Figure A.2 – Symbol IEC 60417-6070:2011-06: "Do not disconnect under load" .....	50
Figure C.1 – General case for clearance, creepage distances and DTI .....	58
Figure C.2 – Location of highest potential difference within the module .....	59
Figure C.3 – Examples of spacing requirements between live parts of different potential within a module .....	60
Figure C.4 – Clearance and creepage distance between internal live parts and outer accessible surfaces .....	62
Figure C.5 – Effect of frame tape or edge adhesive on clearance and creepage distance .....	62
Figure C.6 – Distance between internal live parts and outer accessible surfaces with a cemented joint .....	63
Figure C.7 – Backsheet with aluminium layer .....	64
Figure C.8 – Spacing requirements between the junction box ribbon and aluminium layer of backsheet .....	66
Figure C.9 – Considerations for clearances and creepage distances between live parts and outer accessible surfaces after installation and termination of junction box (J-box) .....	67
Figure C.10 – Possible critical points due to improper installation .....	67
Table 1 – Classes for protection against electric shock .....	19
Table 2 – Required type of insulation .....	40
Table 3 – Minimum clearances (cl), creepage distances (cc) and distances through solid insulation for Class II PV modules .....	41
Table 4 – Minimum clearances (cl), creepage distances (cc) and distances through solid insulation for Class 0 PV modules .....	43
Table 5 – Multiplication factors for clearances of equipment rated for operation at altitudes greater than 2 000 m above sea level .....	47
Table B.1 – Rated impulse voltage .....	52
Table B.2 – Minimum clearances for an inhomogeneous field .....	54
Table B.3 – Minimum spacings for thin layers .....	55
Table C.1 – Distance between live parts of different potential within a PV module (values for Class II modules with working voltage of $\leq 35$ V) .....	59
Table C.2 – Spacing between live parts and outer accessible surfaces (values for Class II modules with rated system voltage of 1 500 V) .....	61

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**PHOTOVOLTAIC (PV) MODULE SAFETY QUALIFICATION –****Part 1: Requirements for construction**

## FOREWORD

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IEC 61730-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 82: Solar photovoltaic energy systems. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2016. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Revision of Clauses 2 and 3.
- b) Addition of requirements for qualification of specific components according to their standard documents (junction box, connectors, frontsheets/backsheets).
- c) Significant changes to the definition and testing of relied upon insulation materials (RUI). These requirements are described in the pre-qualification document for frontsheets and backsheets (IEC 62788-2-1). This includes:
  - 1) clarifications on the concept and measurement of DTI, and related materials test requirements;

- 2) frontsheet/backsheet weathering requirements.
- d) Removal of all reference to "open rack", with updates according to an intended use for applications according to the application's 98<sup>th</sup> percentile module operating temperature.
- e) Modules meeting Class 0 for use in restricted access areas are not required to pass the breakage test, (MST 32).
- f) Marking and documentation subclauses have been revised and aligned with the IEC 61215 series.
- g) Electronic copies are now allowed instead of paper copies of required safety documentation.
- h) Requirements for bifacial modules:
  - 1) addition of new term, aBSI;
  - 2) relevant tests have been changed to account for higher current of bifacial modules;
  - 3) for bifacial modules, marking that indicates which side is designed as the front side, or if both are designed for prolonged exposure to direct sunlight ( $> 300 \text{ W/m}^2$ );
  - 4) relevant parameters for installing bifacial modules clarified;
  - 5) overprotection rating;
  - 6) documentation has been modified.
- i) In 6.2, marking requirements for connectors have been added.
- j) Related to the intended use temperature range:
  - 1) Clause 5 and 6.2 have been modified to include temperature ratings, with  $> 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  98<sup>th</sup> percentile module operating temperature as the default maximum. Guidance for factors which could impact the module operating temperature for a system design/location are provided, and responsibility for proper installation is placed upon the installer.
  - 2) Changes to insulation coordination section (6.6, Annex B and Annex C).
  - 3) Subclauses on insulation coordination (6.6.3) and distance through solid insulation (6.6.4) have been updated to clearly state the insulation coordination requirements, and are aligned with Annex B.
  - 4) Annex B has been revised to show the basis for the dimensioning related to insulation coordination and is aligned with 6.6.3 and 6.6.4.
  - 5) Annex C has been created to show specific use cases and describe how changes to materials or use of additional testing can modify the required dimensioning. Diagrams have been updated.
  - 6) A new term, distance through functional insulation (DTFI), has been defined to describe the spacing between fully encapsulated live parts of different potential (the larger of creepage and clearance for the relevant voltage).
  - 7) Testing requirements to verify a clearance value less than the listed value (but not below the creepage distance) are defined.
  - 8) Requirements for junction boxes, cables and connectors, and polymeric frontsheets/backsheets have been removed (these are now covered in their respective standards).
  - 9) In Table 2, functional insulation is required for insulation between live parts of different potential inside a PV module for all module types.
- 10) In Table 3 and Table 4:
  - i) lines related to pollution degree 3 have been removed, since this is not applicable to module laminates passing the requirements of IEC 61730-2;
  - ii) the minimum values for DTI have been increased to include the minimum 0,030 mm thickness (pinhole considerations);
  - iii) lines related to reinforced insulation have been combined;
  - iv) lines related to basic insulation have been combined, and functional insulation included on those lines;

v) lines for DTFI have been added.

11) Insulation coordination requirements for Class III modules have been removed from Table 4, and functional insulation requirements are included in text (no DTI thickness requirement).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
82/2140/FDIS	82/2165/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61730 series, under the general title *Photovoltaic (PV) module safety qualification*, can be found on the IEC website.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications](http://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications).

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# PHOTOVOLTAIC (PV) MODULE SAFETY QUALIFICATION –

## Part 1: Requirements for construction

### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61730 specifies and describes the fundamental construction requirements for photovoltaic (PV) modules in order to provide safe electrical and mechanical operation. Specific topics are provided to assess the prevention of electrical shock, fire hazards, and personal injury due to mechanical and environmental stresses. This document pertains to the particular requirements of construction. IEC 61730-2 defines the requirements for testing. Modules with modified construction are qualified as described in IEC TS 62915.

This document lays down requirements for terrestrial PV modules suitable for long-term operation in open-air climates with 98<sup>th</sup> percentile module operating temperatures of 70 °C or less. Guidelines for modules to be used at higher operating temperatures are described in IEC TS 63126. The useful service life of modules so qualified will depend on their design, their environment, and the conditions under which they are operated. Therefore, test results are not construed as a quantitative prediction of module lifetime.

This document is intended to apply to all terrestrial flat plate module materials, such as crystalline silicon module types as well as thin-film modules.

PV modules covered by this document are limited to a maximum DC system voltage of 1 500 V.

This document defines the basic requirements for various applications of PV modules, but it cannot be considered to encompass all national or regional codes. Specific requirements, e.g. for building, floating, marine and vehicle applications, are not covered.

This document does not address specific requirements for products that combine a PV module with power conversion equipment, monitoring or control electronics, such as integrated inverters, converters or output diode/rectifier functions, which are addressed in IEC 62109-3.

While it is possible that parts of this document are applicable to flat plate PV modules with internally generated low-level concentration below three times, it was not written specifically to address these concerns.

This document is designed to coordinate with the test sequences in the IEC 61215 series, so that a single set of samples can be used to perform both the safety and design qualification of a PV module.

Additional construction requirements outlined in relevant ISO standards, or the national or local codes which govern the installation and use of these PV modules in their intended locations, can apply in addition to the requirements contained within this document.

Any change to materials, design, or internal spacing are subject to a re-evaluation of the PV module or its component(s), as applicable, according to the IEC 61730 series and IEC TS 62915.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies.