

FINAL VERSION



**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 3-2: Data-link layer service definition – Type 2 elements**

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
INTRODUCTION to the Amendment	6
1 Scope.....	7
1.1 General.....	7
1.2 Specifications	7
1.3 Conformance	7
2 Normative references	8
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions	8
3.1 Reference model terms and definitions	8
3.2 Service convention terms and definitions	10
3.3 Common data-link service terms and definitions	11
3.4 Additional Type 2 data-link specific definitions	12
3.5 Common symbols and abbreviations	14
3.6 Additional Type 2 symbols and abbreviations.....	15
3.7 Common conventions.....	15
4 Connection-mode and connectionless-mode data-link service	16
4.1 Overview	16
4.2 Facilities of the data-link service	20
4.3 Model of the data-link service	21
4.4 Sequence of primitives.....	23
4.5 Connection-mode data transfer.....	25
4.6 Connectionless-mode data transfer.....	27
4.7 Queue maintenance.....	30
4.8 Tag filter	32
5 DL-management services	33
5.1 Sequence of primitives.....	33
5.2 Link synchronization	34
5.3 Synchronized parameter change.....	35
5.4 Event reports	37
5.5 Bad FCS.....	39
5.6 Current moderator	39
5.7 Enable moderator	40
5.8 Power-up and online	41
5.9 Listen only	42
5.10 Time distribution	43
Bibliography.....	45
Figure 1 – Relationships of DLSAPs, DLSAP-addresses and group DL-addresses	11
Figure 2 – NUT structure	17
Figure 3 – Medium access during scheduled time	18
Figure 4 – Medium access during unscheduled time	19
Figure 5 – Queue model for the peer and multipoint DLS, DLSAPs and their DLCEPs	20
Figure 6 – Queue model of a multipoint DLS between a sending DLS-user and one or more receiving DLS-users.....	22

Figure 7 – DLS primitive time-sequence diagram	24
Figure 8 – State transition diagram for sequences of DLS primitives at one DLSAP	25
Figure 9 – Sequence of primitives for a successful connection-mode transfer	27
Figure 10 – Sequence of primitives for an unsuccessful connection-mode transfer	27
Figure 11 – Sequence of primitives for a successful connectionless-mode transfer	30
Figure 12 – Sequence of primitives for an unsuccessful connectionless-mode transfer	30
Figure 13 – Sequence of primitives for a queue maintenance request	32
Figure 14 – Sequence of primitives for a tag filter request	33
Figure 15 – Sequence of primitives for a local link synchronization	35
Figure 16 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-get/set parameters request	37
Figure 17 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-tMinus change request	37
Figure 18 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-event indication	39
Figure 19 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-bad-FCS indication	39
Figure 20 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-current-moderator indication	40
Figure 21 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-enable-moderator request	41
Figure 22 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-power-up indication	42
Figure 23 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-online request	42
Figure 24 – Sequence of primitives for a DLM-listen-only request	42
Table 1 – Summary of connection-mode and connectionless-mode primitives and parameters	24
Table 2 – DL-connection-mode transfer primitives and parameters	26
Table 3 – DL-connectionless-mode transfer primitives and parameters	28
Table 4 – Fixed tag services available to the DLS-user	29
Table 5 – DL-queue maintenance primitives and parameters	31
Table 6 – DL-connectionless-mode tag filter primitives and parameters	32
Table 7 – Summary of DL-management primitives and parameters	34
Table 8 – Link synchronization primitives and parameters	35
Table 9 – Synchronized parameter change primitives and parameters	36
Table 10 – DLMS-configuration-data	36
Table 11 – Event report primitives and parameters	38
Table 12 – DLMS events being reported	38
Table 13 – Bad FCS primitives and parameters	39
Table 14 – Current moderator primitives and parameters	40
Table 15 – Enable moderator primitives and parameters	40
Table 16 – Power-up and online primitives and parameters	41
Table 17 – Listen-only primitives and parameters	42
Table 18 – DLMS time and time quality parameters	43
Table 19 – Time distribution source quality	44

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-2: Data-link layer service definition – Type 2 elements

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This Consolidated version is not an official IEC Standard and has been prepared for user convenience. Only the current versions of the standard and its amendment(s) are to be considered the official documents.

This Consolidated version of IEC 61158-3-2 bears the edition number 2.1. It consists of the second edition (2014-08) [documents 65C/759/FDIS and 65C/769/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2019-04) [documents 65C/945/FDIS and 65C/954/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

This Final version does not show where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. A separate Redline version with all changes highlighted is available in this publication.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the use of the associated protocol type is restricted by its intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a layer protocol type to be used with other layer protocols of the same type, or in other type combinations explicitly authorized by its intellectual-property-right holders.

NOTE Combinations of protocol types are specified in IEC 61784-1 and IEC 61784-2.

International Standard IEC 61158-3-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This second edition constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below.

- Correction of references for fixed tag usage in 4.6.3.6.
- Update of core bibliographic references (original source documents from consortium).
- Miscellaneous editorial corrections.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC web site.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

This standard is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term “service” refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the data-link layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

INTRODUCTION to the Amendment

Source documents referenced by this standard have been updated, this needs to be reflected in the corresponding sections of the document.

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-2: Data-link layer service definition – Type 2 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

This part of IEC 61158 provides common elements for basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the Type 2 fieldbus data-link layer in terms of:

- a) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- b) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- c) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to:

- the Type 2 fieldbus application layer at the boundary between the application and data-link layers of the fieldbus reference model,
- systems management at the boundary between the data-link layer and systems management of the fieldbus reference model.

Type 2 DL-service provides both a connected and a connectionless subset of those services specified in ISO/IEC 8886.

1.2 Specification

The principal objective of this standard is to specify the characteristics of conceptual data-link layer services suitable for time-critical communications and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of data-link protocols for time-critical communications. A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal DL-Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including:

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters;
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance

This standard does not specify individual implementations or products, nor does it constrain the implementations of data-link entities within industrial automation systems.