

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electroacoustics – Audiometric equipment –
Part 1: Equipment for pure-tone and speech audiometry**

**Électroacoustique – Appareils audiométriques –
Partie 1: Appareils pour l'audiométrie tonale et vocale**





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTROACOUSTICS – AUDIOMETRIC EQUIPMENT –**Part 1: Equipment for pure-tone and speech audiometry**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60645-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 29: Electroacoustics.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition, published in 2012, and the first edition, IEC 60645-2, published in 1993. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

This edition now includes the requirements for both pure-tone (prior edition of IEC 60645-1) and speech audiometers (prior edition of IEC 60645-2) into a single document. The technical requirements in this edition remain similar to the intent of the prior two documents, but now eliminate technical and editorial contradictions caused by two separate standards with different review cycles applying to an audiometer.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
29/927/FDIS	29/941/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60645 series, published under the general title *Electroacoustics – Audiometric equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

Developments in the field of hearing measurements for diagnostic, hearing conservation and rehabilitation purposes have resulted in the availability of a wide range of audiometers. In addition it is possible to consider the audiometer in terms of a set of functional units which can be specified independently. By specifying these functional units it is then possible to specify the performance of other audiometric equipment which use these units. The IEC 60645 series consists of a number of parts. IEC 60645-1 is the first in the series and covers the requirements for both pure-tone and speech audiometers.

This standard describes the performance requirements for pure-tone audiometers, which are designed for the measurement of hearing in the frequency range from 125 Hz to 16 kHz, and speech audiometers, which are designed for performing live or recorded speech audiometry.

When speech signal facilities are provided by an audiometer, performance requirements are given for both live voice and recorded speech material. Although live voice speech audiometry may not be capable of meeting the requirements of this standard, it is widely practiced, particularly with children, and therefore a specification is included in order to ensure as high a degree of reliability as possible. This standard does not specify the speech material that is used for test purposes or the required acoustic properties of the test room.¹

Speech audiometers use earphones or loudspeakers to present signals to the test subject. In this standard, specifications of the performance characteristics of speech audiometers and relevant calibration and test methods are given with respect to both a free-field equivalent output level method and an uncorrected ear simulator or acoustic coupler output level method.

In order to relate earphone listening to sound field listening, the concept of a free-field equivalent output level of an earphone, as described in IEC 60268-7, is used for specification and measurement purposes.

Although it is recognised that bone vibrators are used for speech audiometry purposes, their performance can be extremely variable when using speech signals. Therefore only known “good practice” specifications for bone conduction using speech signals are provided to promote consistency when this capability is provided.

The test requirements to demonstrate audiometer conformity are now specified separately. Conformance to the performance specification in this standard is demonstrated when a measured deviation from the design goal equals or does not exceed the corresponding acceptance limit(s), and the laboratory has demonstrated that the associated uncertainty of measurement equals or does not exceed the maximum permitted uncertainty specified in this standard. The requirements for an audiometer are essentially the same as in the previous editions of IEC 60645-1 and IEC 60645-2.

¹ These requirements are specified in ISO 8253-1.

ELECTROACOUSTICS – AUDIOMETRIC EQUIPMENT –

Part 1: Equipment for pure-tone and speech audiometry

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60645 specifies general requirements for audiometers designed for use in determining hearing threshold levels, relative to standard reference threshold levels established by means of psychoacoustic test methods, and those designed to perform psychoacoustic tests using speech material.

The object of this standard is to ensure:

- a) that tests of hearing in the frequency range 125 Hz to 16 kHz on a given human ear, performed with different pure-tone audiometers which comply with this standard, give substantially the same results;
- b) that the results obtained represent a valid comparison between the hearing of the ear tested and the reference threshold of hearing;
- c) that a means of presenting speech material to a subject in a standardized manner is provided. This will ensure that tests of hearing using a specific speech signal and a specific manner of signal presentation, when performed with different audiometers which comply with this standard, give substantially the same results;
- d) that audiometers are classified according to the range of test signals they present, according to the mode of operation or according to their presumed primary application.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60268-3, *Sound system equipment – Part 3: Amplifiers*

IEC 60268-7, *Sound system equipment – Part 7: Headphones and earphones*

IEC 60268-17, *Sound system equipment – Part 17: Standard volume indicators*

IEC 60318-1, *Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 1: Ear simulator for the measurement of supra-aural and circumaural earphones*

IEC 60318-3, *Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 3: Acoustic coupler for the calibration of supra-aural earphones used in audiometry*

IEC 60318-4, *Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 4: Occluded-ear simulator for the measurement of earphones coupled to the ear by means of ear inserts*

IEC 60318-5, *Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 5: 2 cm³ coupler for the measurement of hearing aids and earphones coupled to the ear by means of ear inserts*

IEC 60318-6, *Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 6: Mechanical coupler for the measurement of bone vibrators*