



CSA/ANSI T200:22
National Standard of Canada
American National Standard



Evaluation of software development and cybersecurity programs



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Preface

This is the first edition of CSA/ANSI T200, *Evaluation of software development and cybersecurity programs*.

This Standard was prepared by the Subcommittee on Cybersecurity Verification, under the jurisdiction of the Technical Committee on Operational Security and the Strategic Steering Committee on Information and Communication Technology, and has been formally approved by the Technical Committee.

This Standard has been developed in compliance with Standards Council of Canada requirements for National Standards of Canada. It has been published as a National Standard of Canada by CSA Group.

This Standard has been approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) as an American National Standard.

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 - c) *wording of the proposed change; and*
 - d) *rationale for the change.*

CSA/ANSI T200:22

Evaluation of software development and cybersecurity programs

0 Introduction

The purpose of this Standard is to provide requirements and guidance on the development of a method to evaluate the software development and the related cybersecurity practices of an organization that is producing software or product connected to a network, including

- a) Internet of Things (IoT);
- b) operational technology (OT);
- c) connected devices; and
- d) embedded devices.

Governments, businesses, and consumers are looking to the rapid adoption of connected products and services to automate tasks and provide efficiencies in many market areas. While these technologies can dramatically advance the capabilities of those users and businesses, they pose a potential cyber and privacy risk to the end user. The end user is typically under the assumption that these products have undergone some level of security testing and evaluation, including the assumption that products pose no direct risk to them or their businesses. However, given the significant increase in purpose-built malware for IoT and related products, including the sizable increase of botnet activity of affected devices, the assumption that products have been designed and tested for security can hold untrue or be applied inconsistently across similar products. Therefore, a method to evaluate organizations on their cybersecurity practices can assist in identifying products designed with security considerations to reduce the overall risk of deploying these technologies. Organizations that implement this approach will typically start at the baseline and then proceed to include additional controls to increase their control maturity over a period for each of the domains defined.

1 Scope

1.1

This Standard describes a methodology for assessing the product software and cybersecurity control maturity of an organization.

This Standard provides the evaluators and vendors a method to determine the control maturity of the organization and products/solutions being developed regardless of solution vertical. It covers the entire product system life cycle from conception to full commissioning and until the end of life. It supports effective executive business decisions that establish a comprehensive maturity model approach to cybersecurity.

1.2

This Standard is applicable to all IoT and related products/solutions.