



**CSA/ANSI NGV 3.1:20**  
National Standard of Canada  
American National Standard



# Fuel system components for compressed natural gas powered vehicles



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# Preface

This is the fourth edition of CSA/ANSI NGV 3.1, *Fuel system components for compressed natural gas powered vehicles*. It supersedes the previous editions published in 2014, 2012, and 1995 as ANSI NGV 3.1 • CSA 12.3.

The major changes to this edition include the following:

- a) References have been updated.
- b) Editorial/notation changes have been made to improve readability.
- c) Notes have been added for guidance.
- d) Technical changes have been made to the following Clauses: [5.3.3](#), [5.4](#), [5.5](#), [5.7.3.3](#), [5.11](#), [7.3](#), [7.4](#), [10.4.2](#), [14.4.4](#), [14.4.6](#), and [16.4.4.2](#).
- e) The following new Clauses have been added: [5.16](#), [6.5](#), [9.4.3.1](#), [9.4.4](#), [10.4.4](#), [11.3](#), [11.4.4](#), [11.4.5](#), [15.4.4.3](#), [19.4.6](#), [19.4.8](#), and [21.4.2](#).

CSA Group acknowledges that the development of this Standard was made possible, in part, by the financial support of Natural Resources Canada.

This Standard is considered suitable for use for conformity assessment within the stated scope of the Code.

This Standard was prepared by the Subcommittee on Onboard Vehicle Components for Natural Gas Vehicles, under the jurisdiction of the Technical Committee on Natural Gas Transportation and the Strategic Steering Committee on Transportation, and has been formally approved by the Technical Committee and the Interprovincial Gas Advisory Council.

This Standard has been developed in compliance with Standards Council of Canada requirements for National Standards of Canada. It has been published as a National Standard of Canada by CSA Group.

This Standard has been approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) as an American National Standard.

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# CSA/ANSI NGV 3.1:20

## ***Fuel system components for compressed natural gas powered vehicles***

### **0 History of the development of CSA/ANSI NGV 3.1**

**Note:** *This history is informative and is not part of the Standard.*

In 1984 there was a growing need in the U.S. natural gas vehicle industry for guidelines pertaining to the assembly of aftermarket equipment installed on motor vehicles in order to operate alternatively on either gasoline or natural gas. The American Gas Association Laboratories (AGAL), in response to this need, developed an A.G.A. Requirement for Natural Gas Vehicle (CNG) Conversion Kits, No. 1-85. This requirement was intended to help promote the safe development and installation of NGV conversion systems by manufacturers and installers. The first draft of A.G.A. Requirement No. 1-85 was developed during 1984 and 1985, with the final version dated August 20, 1985.

At the time of its issuance, A.G.A. No. 1-85 was in compliance with NGV equipment and fuelling stations specifications published by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) under its Standard for Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Vehicular Fuel Systems, NFPA 52. The first edition of NFPA 52 was issued in 1984. A second edition was issued in 1988.

In 1988, a group of U.S. gas utilities formed the Natural Gas Vehicle (NGV) Coalition (the Coalition) to promote widespread use of compressed natural gas as a transport fuel. The Coalition organized committees to address technical, marketing, and legislative issues which would affect the future expansion of a U.S. transportation industry fuelled by natural gas.

The Coalition recognized that an important consideration in the successful commercialization of natural gas as a vehicle fuel was the issue of codes and standards (or the lack of codes and standards, or harmonized codes and standards) pertaining to both fuel stations and vehicle fuel systems. The Coalition's Technology Committee was established to achieve the goal of an organized family of coordinated codes, standards, and regulations addressing natural gas vehicles and fuelling stations. To help achieve this goal, the Technology Committee established the Standards and Standardization Subcommittee.

Subsequently, the third edition of NFPA 52 was published in 1992. This edition incorporated many changes developed and recommended by the NGV Coalition's task groups.

During August 1992, an NGV Conversion Equipment Task Group was established to coordinate with the AGAL for requirements for compressed NGV conversion kits. The task group agreed the phrase "NGV fuel system" should replace "NGV conversion kits". (An NGV fuel system is comprised of all major components required to supply, manage, and/or control fuel flow, enabling a vehicle to operate on natural gas.) The task group continued to meet during August, October, and December 1992 to promulgate the development of a standard to cover both dedicated and bi-fuel natural gas systems for light and medium duty vehicles.

A standard for NGV fuel system components existed in Canada, the National Standard of Canada CAN/CGA-12.3, *Fuel System Components for Natural Gas Powered Vehicles*. The genesis for this Canadian document was the Amendment to the 1982 CGA B149.1 *Natural Gas Installation Code* which added to the Code provisions for Natural Gas for Vehicles (NGV) fuel system components on highway

vehicles, as well as coverage of NGV refuelling stations. Subsequently, these NGV aspects evolved into stand-alone Canadian documents, one being the CAN/CGA-12.3 which was first published in February 1991.

In order to further common goals for North American harmonization, the task group and the Canadian Gas Association (CGA) NGV Steering Committee on Natural Gas Powered Vehicles initiated formation of a joint activity involving the CGA Steering Committee's Subcommittee on Fuel System Components for Natural Gas Powered Vehicles and the Coalition's NGV Conversion Equipment Task Group.

On February 17, 1993, the first joint meeting of the NGV Conversion Equipment Task Group and the CGA 12.3 Standards Subcommittee on *Fuel System Components for Natural Gas Powered Vehicles* was held. As a result, the U.S. Task Group and Canadian Subcommittee agreed to establish the Joint NGVC/CGA Subcommittee on Natural Gas Vehicle Conversion Equipment, to develop harmonized requirements for a North American Bi-National standard. The newly established subcommittee agreed to proceed with harmonization of the Canadian Standard for *Fuel System Components for Natural Gas Powered Vehicles*, CAN/CGA-12.3, which was first published in February 1991, and A.G.A. Requirement 1-85. In light of the different approaches in Canada and the U.S. (i.e., systems vs. components), the joint subcommittee agreed that separate harmonized standards be developed for both complete fuel systems and individual system components. Two joint working groups were established to draft the standards requirements for NGV conversion fuel system components and NGV conversion fuel systems, for consideration and final approval by the joint subcommittee.

A standard was prepared by the Joint U.S./Canadian Conversion Component Working Group during several meetings over a period of two years and involved four drafts.

At its July 1994 meeting, the Joint NGVC/CGA Conversion Equipment Subcommittee reviewed and modified the fourth draft of the proposed harmonized standard and voted affirmatively to initiate an ANSI Canvass Ballot and Canadian Public Review and Comment to initiate national recognition and approval of the standard.

During August 1994, the A.G.A. Laboratories and Canadian Gas Association initiated a 60 day ANSI Canvass Ballot and Canadian Public Review and Comment of proposed AGA NGV 3.1/CGA 12.3 — Draft 5. At its November 29, 1994 meeting, the joint subcommittee considered and resolved all comments and criticisms received during public review and accepted several minor editorial modifications of the draft.

The first edition of the harmonized U.S./Canadian Standard for *Fuel System Components for Natural Gas Powered Vehicles* was approved by the American National Standards Institute, Inc. on May 10, 1995, the CGA NGV Standards Steering Committee on Natural Gas Vehicles and Fuelling on April 17, 1995, and by the Canadian Interprovincial Gas Advisory Council (IGAC) on June 16, 1995.

In 2007, in response to industry requests, the standard was revised and rewritten in its entirety, and was published as the second edition of ANSI NGV 3.1 • CSA 12.3.

The second edition of the Standard for *Fuel System Components for Compressed Natural Gas Powered Vehicles* was approved by the American National Standards Institute, Inc. on February 14, 2012, and by the Harmonized Joint Automotive Technical Committee on March 25, 2010.

The third edition of the Standard for *Fuel system components for compressed natural gas powered vehicles* was approved by the American National Standards Institute, Inc. on February 25, 2014, the Joint Automotive Technical Committee on February 20, 2014, the Technical Committee on Natural Gas

Powered Vehicles and Fuelling on January 24, 2014, and by the Canadian Interprovincial Gas Advisory Council (IGAC) on February 27, 2014.

This, the fourth edition of this Standard, was prepared by the Subcommittee on Onboard Vehicle Components for Natural Gas Vehicles, under the jurisdiction of the Technical Committee on Natural Gas Transportation and the Strategic Steering Committee on Transportation, and has been formally approved by the Technical Committee on Natural Gas Transportation, the Interprovincial Gas Advisory Council, the Standards Council of Canada, and the American National Standards Institute.

Previous editions of this Standard are as follows:

ANSI/AGA NGV 3.1-1995/CGA 12.3-M95  
ANSI NGV 3.1-2014 • CSA 12.3-2014

ANSI NGV 3.1-2012 • CSA 12.3-2012

The following identifies the designation and the year of the harmonized Standard:

CSA/ANSI NGV 3.1:20

## 1 Scope

### 1.1

This Standard establishes requirements for newly produced compressed natural gas fuel system components, intended for use on natural gas powered vehicles, as listed in Table 1.

**Table 1**  
**Fuel system components**  
(See Clauses [1.1](#) and [1.5](#).)

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Check valves
Manual valves
Manual container valves
Automatic valves
Gas injectors
Pressure indicators
Pressure regulators
Gas flow adjusters
Gas/air mixers
Pressure relief valves
Pressure relief devices
Excess flow valves
Gas-tight housing and ventilation hoses
Rigid fuel lines
Flexible fuel line, hoses, and assemblies
Filters
Fittings
Discharge line closures

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## 1.2

This Standard applies to devices that have a service pressure (SP) of either 16 500 kPa (2400 psi), 20 700 kPa (3000 psi), or 24 800 kPa (3600 psi), hereinafter referred to in this Standard as the following:

- a) "P24" – 16 547 kPa (2400 psi);
- b) "P30" – 20 684 kPa (3000 psi); or
- c) "P36" – 24 821 kPa (3600 psi).

The Standard also applies to components downstream of the first stage of pressure reduction.

## 1.3

The construction of the noted components, whether specifically covered by the various provisions of this Standard or not, should be in accordance with reasonable concepts of safety, performance, and durability.

## 1.4

All specifications as to construction set forth herein should be satisfied by the construction actually prescribed or such other construction as will provide at least equivalent performance.

## 1.5

This Standard emphasizes the pressure containment, performance, and safety characteristics of components listed in Table [1](#).

## 1.6

It is recognized that other components not specifically covered herein can be examined to meet the criteria of this Standard and tested according to the appropriate functional needs.

## 1.7

This Standard does not apply to the following:

- a) natural gas fuel system components incorporated during the manufacture of motor vehicles originally manufactured in compliance with the *Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) for Compressed Natural Gas Fueled Vehicles* and the *Canadian Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (CMVSS)*;
- b) fuel containers;
- c) stationary gas engines;
- d) container mounting hardware;
- e) electronic fuel management;
- f) fuelling receptacles; or
- g) three-way valves.

## 1.8

In the case of conflict between this Standard and federal, provincial, state, or local requirements, the government requirements should take precedence.

## 1.9

All references to "kPa (psi)" throughout this Standard should be considered gauge pressures, unless otherwise specified.