



BSI Standards Publication

**Timekeeping instruments —
Watch external parts made
of hard materials — General
requirements and test
methods**

National foreword

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**Timekeeping instruments —
Watch external parts made of hard
materials — General requirements
and test methods**

*Instruments horaires — Habillages de montre en matériaux durs —
Exigences générales et méthodes d'essais*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 114, *Acoustics*.

Introduction

In recent years, hard materials such as tungsten carbide, ceramics, etc., have found several applications in the horological industry, particularly for the external parts of watches, and more particularly in watchcases and some of their accessories such as bezels, crowns, wristbands and clasps.

Their properties in terms of hardness, of wear resistance or of finish quality (brightness) bring many undeniable advantages for this type of application.

This Technical Specification deals with constitutive components of external parts of watches. Given the variety of possibilities in the mounting of these elements, it is not possible to define and to specify "a complete watch made of hard material".

Manufacturers of hard materials have developed know-how with the aim of satisfying the legal requirements and the criteria of horological standardization, without standards nor specifications that can serve as references. The aim of this Technical Specification is to clarify the general requirements and the test methods for the horological external parts made of hard material.

Timekeeping instruments — Watch external parts made of hard materials — General requirements and test methods

1 Scope

This Technical Specification concerns whole watches, in which all or some of the components of the external parts are made of hard material, with the exception of watch glasses.

It applies to all elements made in massive material whose hardness is greater than or equal to 1 200 Vickers.

It describes the performance in terms of resistance to mechanical and thermal shocks, to corrosion, to scratches, to sunlight exposure and also to the wear of its components.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1413:—¹⁾, *Horology — Shock-resistant watches*

ISO 9227, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests*

ISO 23160:2011, *Watch cases and accessories — Test of the resistance to wear, scratching and impacts*

SN 289 120:2013, *Definition of linear types shocks for the wristwatches components*

SN 289 650:2013, *Process to estimate the resistance to chemical and climatic agents of a horological external part*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

external part

<horological context> the watchcase, the bezel, the crown, the push buttons, the wristband and the clasp

3.2

hard material

material whose Vickers hardness is equal to or higher than 1 200 HV1

3.3

massive

<component> having a composition that is macroscopically homogeneous across its entire section

3.4

brittleness

<material or component> susceptibility to breaking, under the effect of a static or dynamic stress, without being significantly plastically deformed

1) To be published. Revises ISO 1413:1984.