



BSI Standards Publication

Renewable energy and hybrid systems for rural electrification

Part 9-8: Integrated systems – Requirements for stand-alone renewable energy products with power ratings less than or equal to 350 W

National foreword

This Published Document is the UK implementation of IEC TS 62257-9-8:2020.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/82, Photovoltaic Energy Systems.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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**Renewable energy and hybrid systems for rural electrification –
Part 9-8: Integrated systems – Requirements for stand-alone renewable energy
products with power ratings less than or equal to 350 W**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	5
INTRODUCTION.....	7
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references	9
3 Terms and definitions	10
4 Test requirements.....	15
4.1 General.....	15
4.2 Initial testing requirements.....	17
4.2.1 General	17
4.2.2 Quality test method.....	17
4.2.3 Accelerated verification method	17
4.2.4 Pay-as-you-go targeted testing	18
4.2.5 Product families.....	19
4.2.6 Similar products.....	19
4.2.7 Verification of product identity	20
4.2.8 Reference to other standards.....	20
4.3 Recurring testing requirements	22
4.4 Retesting of non-conforming products.....	22
4.5 General testing requirements applicable to all testing pathways.....	23
4.5.1 General	23
4.5.2 Exception for accessory lights	23
5 Quality requirements	24
5.1 General.....	24
5.2 Truth in advertising.....	26
5.2.1 General	26
5.2.2 Assessment of runtime values	27
5.2.3 Information and performance reporting requirements	28
5.2.4 Fee-for-service and pay-as-you-go (PAYG) metering requirements	31
5.2.5 Included appliances requirements.....	31
5.2.6 Assessment of ingress protection advertisements.....	31
5.3 Ports requirements.....	32
5.3.1 General	32
5.3.2 Voltage converters.....	33
5.3.3 Ports with multiple output voltages	33
5.3.4 Appliance voltage compatibility requirements.....	33
5.3.5 Truth-in-advertising requirements	33
5.3.6 Functionality requirements.....	34
5.4 Lumen maintenance.....	37
5.5 Health and safety.....	37
5.5.1 AC-DC power supply safety	37
5.5.2 Hazardous substances	37
5.5.3 Circuit and overload protection	38
5.5.4 Wiring and connector safety	38
5.5.5 Additional tests for PV modules	38
5.5.6 Requirements for systems with large PV modules or arrays.....	41
5.6 Battery requirements.....	41

5.6.1	Provision of battery specification sheets	41
5.6.2	Battery charge control	41
5.6.3	Specific requirements for lithium-based batteries	43
5.6.4	Battery durability	44
5.7	Quality and durability	44
5.7.1	General	44
5.7.2	Physical and water ingress protection	44
5.7.3	Drop test requirements	47
5.7.4	Soldering and electronics quality	49
5.7.5	Switch, gooseneck, connector, and moving parts durability	49
5.7.6	Strain relief durability	49
5.7.7	Outdoor cable durability (size B products only)	49
5.7.8	PV overvoltage requirement	50
5.7.9	Miswiring protection requirement	51
5.7.10	Requirements specific to systems with non-plug-and-play connections	51
5.8	Consumer information	52
5.8.1	Warranty requirements	52
5.8.2	Date of manufacture	53
5.8.3	User manual requirements (size B products only)	53
5.8.4	Component replacement methods (size B products only)	54
Annex A	(normative) Testing of similar products	55
A.1	General	55
A.2	Guidelines	55
A.2.1	Visual screening	55
A.2.2	Lumen maintenance and light output	55
A.2.3	Charge controller testing	56
A.2.4	PV modules	56
A.2.5	Battery durability testing	56
A.2.6	Connector durability testing	56
A.2.7	Battery testing, full battery run time, solar run time, and energy service calculations	56
A.2.8	Miswiring protection	57
A.2.9	Output overload	57
A.2.10	PV overvoltage	57
A.2.11	Assessment of DC ports	57
A.2.12	Power consumption and charging efficiency	57
A.2.13	Voltage range	57
A.2.14	Changes to firmware or software	58
Annex B	(normative) Partial shading test for photovoltaic modules	59
B.1	General	59
B.2	Equipment requirements	59
B.3	Test prerequisites	60
B.4	Procedure	60
B.5	Calculations	62
B.6	Pass criteria	62
B.7	Reporting	62
Annex C	(normative) Visual screening and durability tests for photovoltaic modules	64
C.1	General	64
C.2	Durability of markings test	64

C.2.1	Equipment requirements	64
C.2.2	Test prerequisites	64
C.2.3	Procedure	64
C.3	Sharp edge test	64
C.3.1	Test prerequisites	64
C.3.2	Procedure	65
C.4	Screw connections test	65
C.4.1	Equipment requirements	65
C.4.2	Test prerequisites	65
C.4.3	Required test conditions	65
C.4.4	Procedure	65
C.5	Impact test	67
C.5.1	Equipment requirements	67
C.5.2	Test prerequisites	67
C.5.3	Procedure	67
C.6	Bending or folding test	67
C.6.1	General	67
C.6.2	Equipment requirements	67
C.6.3	Test prerequisites	67
C.6.4	Required test conditions	68
C.6.5	Procedure	68
C.6.6	Pass criteria	68
C.7	Reporting	68
Bibliography	70
Figure 1	– Example water protection warning label or instruction	47
Figure 2	– Decision process to determine whether or not a component is subject to the drop test	48
Table 1	– Summary of test requirements and alternatives – initial testing requirements to determine compliance with Clause 5	16
Table 2	– Summary of test requirements – recurring testing requirements to ensure continued compliance with Clause 5	16
Table 3	– Summary of durability requirements	25
Table 4	– Sample size and renewal requirements for PV tests	38
Table 5	– Examples of maximum current ratings	39
Table 6	– Default battery deep discharge protection voltage specifications	42
Table 7	– Default battery overcharge protection voltage specifications	42
Table 8	– Physical ingress protection requirements	45
Table 9	– Water protection requirements	45
Table C.1	– Torque tests on screws per IEC 61730-2	66

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**RENEWABLE ENERGY AND HYBRID SYSTEMS
FOR RURAL ELECTRIFICATION –**
**Part 9-8: Integrated systems – Requirements for stand-alone renewable
energy products with power ratings less than or equal to 350 W**

FOREWORD

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- the subject is still under technical development or where, for any other reason, there is the prospect of a future but no immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard.

Technical specifications are subject to review within three years of publication to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards.

IEC TS 62257-9-8, which is a Technical Specification, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 82: Solar photovoltaic energy systems.

The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
82/1643/DTS	82/1685/RVDTS 82/1685A/RVDTS

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This part of IEC 62257 is to be used in conjunction with IEC TS 62257-9-5.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62257 series, published under the general title *Renewable energy and hybrid systems for rural electrification*, can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

IEC 62257 (all parts) provides support and strategies for institutions involved in rural electrification projects. It documents technical approaches for designing, building, testing, and maintaining off-grid renewable energy and hybrid systems with AC nominal voltage below 500 V, DC nominal voltage below 750 V and nominal power below 100 kVA.

These documents are recommendations to support buyers who want to connect with good quality options in the market:

- to choose the right system for the right place,
- to design the system, and
- to operate and maintain the system.

These documents are focused only on technical aspects of rural off-grid electrification concentrating on, but not specific to, developing countries. They are not considered as all inclusive to rural electrification. The documents do not describe a range of factors that can determine project or product success: environmental, social, economic, service capabilities, and others. Further developments in this field could be introduced in future steps.

This consistent set of documents is best considered as a whole with different parts corresponding to items for safety, sustainability of systems, and costs. The main objectives are to support the capabilities of households and communities that use small renewable energy and hybrid off-grid systems and inform organizations and institutions in the off-grid power market.

The purpose of this document is to provide baseline standards for quality, durability and truth-in-advertising to protect consumers of stand-alone renewable energy products. This document is specifically related to renewable energy products that are packaged and made available to end-use consumers at the point of purchase as single, stand-alone products that do not require additional system components to function. This document applies to products with peak power ratings of 350 W or less. While most provisions apply to all products in this range, a few are applicable only to products with peak power ratings greater than 10 W and less than or equal to 350 W.

The term "stand-alone renewable energy product" is used in this document to describe this class of products. Other equivalent terms, including "off-grid solar" or "rechargeable," are often used by manufacturers, distributors, and other stakeholders to describe these products. Many of these systems meet the definition of type T₂l (individual electrification systems with energy storage) in IEC TS 62257-2.

The intended users of this document are:

- market support programmes that support the off-grid lighting market with financing, consumer education, awareness, and other services;
- manufacturers and distributors that need to verify the quality and performance of products;
- bulk procurement programmes that facilitate or place large orders of products; and,
- trade regulators such as government policymakers and officials who craft and implement trade and tax policy.

This document establishes minimum requirements for quality standards and warranty requirements. Products are compared to specifications based on test results from IEC TS 62257-9-5 and other information about the product. The requirements are designed to be widely applicable across different markets, countries, and regions.

RENEWABLE ENERGY AND HYBRID SYSTEMS FOR RURAL ELECTRIFICATION –

Part 9-8: Integrated systems – Requirements for stand-alone renewable energy products with power ratings less than or equal to 350 W

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62257 provides baseline requirements for quality, durability and truth in advertising to protect consumers of off-grid renewable energy products. Evaluation of these requirements is based on tests described in IEC TS 62257-9-5. This document can be used alone or in conjunction with other international standards that address the safety and durability of components of off-grid renewable energy products.

This document applies to stand-alone renewable energy products having the following characteristics:

- The products are powered by photovoltaic (PV) modules or electromechanical power generating devices (such as dynamos), or are designed to use grid electricity to charge a battery or other energy-storage device for off-grid use. The requirements may also be appropriate as guidance for evaluating the quality of devices with other power sources, such as thermoelectric generators.
- The peak power rating of the PV module or other power generating device is less than or equal to 350 W.
- All components required to provide basic energy services are sold/installed as a kit, included as a part of family of products as defined in 4.2.5, or integrated into a single component, including at a minimum:
 - a battery/batteries or other energy storage device(s);
 - power generating device, such as solar panel, capable of charging the battery/batteries or other energy storage device(s);
 - cables, switches, wiring, connectors and protective devices sufficient to connect the power generating device, power control unit(s) and energy storage device(s).
- The system evaluation includes all the loads (lighting, television, radio, fan, etc.) and load adapter cables that are sold or included as part of the kit or integrated into kit components.
- The PV module maximum power point voltage and the working voltage of any other components in the kit do not exceed 35 V. Exceptions are made for AC-to-DC converters that meet appropriate safety standards. Systems that include PV modules (or combinations of PV modules) with ratings that exceed 240 W at peak power, 35 V at open circuit or 8 A at short circuit are subject to additional safety requirements beyond those assessed in IEC TS 62257-9-5.

NOTE: This voltage limit corresponds to the definition of decisive voltage classification A (DVC-A) for wet locations in Table 6 of IEC 62109-1:2010. The limits of 240 W, 35 V and 8 A are consistent with the definition of Class III in IEC 61730-1.
- These requirements cover only DC outputs and loads. Products that include inverters, AC outputs/outlets, or AC appliances are not within the scope of this document. Products can have AC inputs.
- No design expertise is required to choose appropriate system components.
- All electrical connections, except for permanent connections made at the time of installation, can be made using plug-and-socket connectors without the use of any tools. All connections made in the field are straightforward to make and do not require technical expertise, such as wrapping wire in a specific direction, soldering, or crimping.