

**ASME B31.5-2010**  
(Revision of ASME B31.5-2006)

# Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components

**ASME Code for Pressure Piping, B31**

**AN AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD**



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Date of Issuance: July 21, 2010

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## FOREWORD

(10)

The need for a national code for pressure piping became increasingly evident from 1915 to 1925. To meet this need, the American Engineering Standards Committee (later changed to American Standards Association, then changed to United States of America Standards Institute, and now known as the American National Standards Institute) initiated project B31 in March 1926, at the request of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and with that Society the sole administrative sponsor. Because of the wide field involved, Sectional Committee B31, later changed to Standards Committee, was composed of representatives of some 40 different engineering societies, industries, government bureaus, institutes, and trade associations. After several years' work, the first edition was published in 1935 as an American Tentative Standard Code for Pressure Piping.

In order to keep the Code abreast of current developments in piping design, welding, stress computations, new dimensional and material standards and specifications, and increases in the severity of service conditions, revisions, supplements, and new editions of the Code were published as follows:

B31.1-1942	American Standard Code for Pressure Piping
B31.1a-1944	Supplement 1
B31.1b-1947	Supplement 2
B31.1-1951	American Standard Code for Pressure Piping
B31.1a-1953	Supplement 1 to B31.1-1951

### B31.1-1955 American Standard Code for Pressure Piping

In 1952, a new section of the Code was published to cover Gas Transmission and Distribution Piping Systems. In 1955, after a review by B31 Executive and Sectional Committees, a decision was made to develop and publish other industry sections as separate code documents of the American Standard Code for Pressure Piping.

The first edition of Refrigeration Piping was published as ASA B31.5-1962 superseding Section 5 of B31.1-1955. This Section was revised in 1966. Following approval by the Sectional Committee and the sponsor, this revision was approved by the United States of America Standards Institute on September 8, 1966, and designated USAS B31.5-1966. Revision of this Section was approved on April 18, 1974, by the American National Standards Institute and designated ANSI B31.5-1974.

In December 1978, the American National Standards Committee B31 was reorganized as the ASME Code for Pressure Piping, B31. Committee under procedures developed by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and accredited by the American National Standards Institute. The Code designation was also changed to ANSI/ASME B31.

Previous editions of this Code include those of 1983, 1987, 1989, 1992, 2001, and 2006. In this, the 2010 Edition, many revisions have been made to the text. Also the nomenclature has been revised, and a new nomenclature Appendix has been added.

This Code was approved as an American National Standard on January 28, 2010.



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# INTRODUCTION

The ASME B31 Code for Pressure Piping consists of a number of individually published Sections, each an American National Standard, under the direction of ASME Committee B31, Code for Pressure Piping. Rules for each Section reflect the kinds of piping installations considered during its development. This is the B31.5 Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components Code Section. Hereafter, in this Introduction and in the text of this Code Section B31.5, when the word “Code” is used without specific identification, it means this Code Section. This Section also includes nonmandatory appendices containing referenced standards (Nonmandatory Appendix A) and information instructing users on the preparation of technical inquiries (Nonmandatory Appendix B) and the selection of appropriate piping codes (Nonmandatory Appendix C).

It is the owner’s responsibility to select the Code Section that most nearly applies to a proposed piping installation. Factors to be considered by the owner include limitations of the Code Section, jurisdictional requirements, and the applicability of other codes and standards. All applicable requirements of the selected Code Section shall be met. For some installations more than one Code Section may apply to different parts of the installation. The owner is also responsible for imposing requirements supplementary to those of the Code if necessary to assure safe piping for the proposed installation. (See Nonmandatory Appendix C.)

The Code sets forth engineering requirements deemed necessary for safe design and construction of refrigeration, heat transfer components, and secondary coolant piping systems. While safety is the basic consideration of this Code, this factor alone will not necessarily govern the final specifications for any pressure piping system. The designer is cautioned that the Code is not a design handbook. The Code does not eliminate the need for the designer or competent engineering judgment.

The Code contains basic reference data and formulas necessary for design. It is intended to state these requirements in terms of basic design principles to the fullest possible extent, supplemented with specific requirements, where necessary, to obtain uniform interpretation of principle. It contains prohibitions in areas where practices or designs are known to be unsafe. In other areas the Code contains warnings or “flags” where caution is known to be necessary, but where it is considered that a direct prohibition would be unwarranted.

The Code includes the following:

(a) references to material specifications and component standards that are acceptable for Code usage

(b) references to acceptable dimensional standards for the elements comprising piping systems

(c) requirements for the pressure design of component parts and assembled units

(d) requirements for the evaluation and limitation of stresses, reactions, and movements associated with pressure, temperature, and external forces, and for the design of pipe supports

(e) requirements for the fabrication, assembly, and erection of piping systems

(f) requirements for examination, inspection, and testing of piping systems

It is the intent of the Code that this not be retroactive and that, unless agreement is specifically made between contracting parties to use other issues, or the regulatory body having jurisdiction imposes the use of other issues, the latest Code, issued 6 months prior to the original contract date for the first phase of activity covering a piping system(s), be the governing document for all design, materials, fabrication, erection, examination, and testing activities for the piping system(s) until the completion of the work and initial operation.

Manufacturers and users of piping are cautioned against making use of revisions less restrictive than former requirements without having assurance that they have been accepted by the proper authorities in the jurisdiction where the piping is to be installed.

Users of this Code are advised that in some locations legislation may establish jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Code.

Attention of Code users is directed to the fact that the numbering of the Divisions and the text therein may not be consecutive. This is not the result of editorial or printing errors. An attempt has been made to follow a uniform outline of the various Sections. Therefore, the same subject, in general, appears under the same number and subnumber in all Sections.

The Committee is a continuing one and is organized to keep the Code current with new developments in materials, construction, and usage. New Editions are published at 3-yr to 5-yr intervals.

The Committee has established an orderly procedure to consider requests for interpretation and revision of Code requirements. To receive consideration, inquiries must be in writing and must give full particulars. (See Nonmandatory Appendix B covering preparation of technical inquiries.)



The approved reply to an inquiry will be sent directly to the inquirer. In addition, the question and reply will be published as part of an Interpretation Supplement issued to the applicable Code Section.

A Case is the prescribed form of reply to an inquiry when study indicates that the Code wording needs clarification or when the reply modifies existing requirements of the Code or grants permission to use new materials or alternative constructions. Proposed Cases are published in *Mechanical Engineering* for public review. In addition, the Case will be published as part of a Case Supplement issued to the applicable Code Section.

A Case is normally issued for a limited period, after which it may be renewed, incorporated in the Code, or allowed to expire if there is no indication of further need for the requirements covered by the Case. However, the provisions of a Case may be used after its expiration or withdrawal, provided that the Case was effective on the original contract date or was adopted before completion of the work and that the contracting parties agree to its use.

Requests for interpretations or suggestions for revisions should be addressed to the Secretary, ASME B31 Committee, Three Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016-5990.

