

ANSI/ASABE S623.1 JAN2017  
Determining Landscape Plant Water Demands



S  
T  
A  
N  
D  
A  
R  
D

American Society of  
Agricultural and Biological Engineers

ASABE is a professional and technical organization, of members worldwide, who are dedicated to advancement of engineering applicable to agricultural, food, and biological systems. ASABE Standards are consensus documents developed and adopted by the American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers to meet standardization needs within the scope of the Society, principally agricultural field equipment, farmstead equipment, structures, soil and water resource management, turf and landscape equipment, forest engineering, food and process engineering, electric power applications, plant and animal environment, and waste management.

**NOTE:** ASABE Standards, Engineering Practices, and Data are informational and advisory only. Their use by anyone engaged in industry or trade is entirely voluntary. The ASABE assumes no responsibility for results attributable to the application of ASABE Standards, Engineering Practices, and Data. Conformity does not ensure compliance with applicable ordinances, laws and regulations. Prospective users are responsible for protecting themselves against liability for infringement of patents.

ASABE Standards, Engineering Practices, and Data initially approved prior to the society name change in July of 2005 are designated as "ASABE", regardless of the revision approval date. Newly developed Standards, Engineering Practices, and Data approved after July of 2005 are designated as "ASABE".

Standards designated as "ANSI" are American National Standards as are all ISO adoptions published by ASABE. Adoption as an American National Standard requires verification by ANSI that the requirements for due process, consensus, and other criteria for approval have been met by ASABE.

Consensus is established when, in the judgment of the ANSI Board of Standards Review, substantial agreement has been reached by directly and materially affected interests. Substantial agreement means much more than a simple majority, but not necessarily unanimity. Consensus requires that all views and objections be considered, and that a concerted effort be made toward their resolution.

**CAUTION NOTICE:** ASABE and ANSI standards may be revised or withdrawn at any time. Additionally, procedures of ASABE require that action be taken periodically to reaffirm, revise, or withdraw each standard.

Copyright American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers. All rights reserved.

ASABE, 2950 Niles Road, St. Joseph, MI 49085-9659, USA, phone 269-429-0300, fax 269-429-3852, [hq@asabe.org](mailto:hq@asabe.org)

## **Determining Landscape Plant Water Demands**

*Proposed by the Irrigation Association; approved by the ASABE Natural Resources and Environmental Systems Technical Community; approved by ASABE October 2015; approved by ANSI as an American National Standard October 2015, revised by ASABE and approved by ANSI as an American National Standard January 2017.*

**Keywords:** landscapes, turfgrass, plants, trees, shrubs, water, water budget, irrigation, sprinklers, soil

### **0 Foreword**

This standard was created to provide science-based guidelines for determination of the minimum plant water demands for mixed species landscapes that maintain adequate aesthetic quality. Plant water demands can be met by any combination of precipitation and irrigation.

The plant factors and other information in this standard are broad in nature and based on available science. Localized climate data, if available, should be used to corroborate or customize as applicable. The plant categories are purposely broad for general applicability. If scientifically-proven reasons for altering the plant factors are available, the numbers may be adjusted accordingly.

An informative annex of information and techniques for application of the plant factors is included. This annex may also be used to aid decisions for potential deficit watering to maintain minimum survival requirements for plants under low water availability.

### **1 Scope**

This methodology will provide an estimate of plant water demands of permanently installed, non-production based, established landscape materials. The standard will provide minimum water demands for acceptable plant appearance and function. This standard does not cover plants for sports fields, golf courses, or food production. This methodology is applicable for planning and design of planted landscape areas as defined in section 3. It is assumed throughout this standard that the soil around the plants in question are wetted uniformly by precipitation or irrigation.

### **2 Normative References**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies unless noted. For undated references, the latest approved edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ASCE Environmental and Water Resources Institute (EWRI) standardized reference evapotranspiration equation. 2005. Reston, Virginia: American Society of Civil Engineers.

### **3 Definitions**

**3.1 acceptable plant appearance:** a plant that is maintaining its intended health, coloration, growth and function is considered “acceptable” for purposes of this standard.