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Information technology — GS1 Core Business Vocabulary (CBV)

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- Australian Industry Group
- Australian Institute of Traffic Planning and Management (AITPM)
- Australian Packaging and Processing Machinery Association
- Australian Retailers Association
- Australian Steel Institute
- Bureau of Steel Manufacturers of Australia
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Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee IT-034, Automatic Identification and Data Capture Techniques.

The objective of this document is to define the Core Business Vocabulary (CBV) and to specify various vocabulary elements and their values for use in conjunction with the EPCIS standard [EPCIS2.0], which defines mechanisms to exchange information both within and across organization boundaries.

This document is identical with, and has been reproduced from, ISO/IEC 19988:2024, *Information technology — GS1 Core Business Vocabulary (CBV)*.

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The terms “normative” and “informative” are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A “normative” appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an “informative” appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

Contents

Preface	ii
Foreword	vi
1 Introduction – Core Business Vocabulary	1
2 Relationship to the GS1 System Architecture	2
3 Relationship to EPCIS	2
3.1 EPCIS event structure	2
3.2 Overview of EPCIS event "dimensions" (non-normative)	4
3.3 Vocabulary kinds	5
3.3.1 Standard Vocabulary	5
3.3.2 User Vocabulary	6
4 Terminology and typographical conventions	7
5 Compliance and compatibility	7
5.1 CBV-Compliant	7
5.2 CBV-Compatible	10
6 Use of Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs)	11
6.1 URI prefix for Standard Vocabularies in the CBV	11
6.2 Limitation on Use of the epcglobal URN prefix	11
6.2.1 Example of limitation of use of epcglobal URN prefix (non-normative)	11
7 Standard Vocabularies	11
7.1 Business steps	12
7.1.1 URI structure	12
7.1.2 Compliant usage	12
7.1.3 Business step values and definitions	13
7.2 Dispositions	21
7.2.1 URI structure	21
7.2.2 Compliant usage	21
7.2.3 Disposition values and definitions	22
7.3 Business Transaction Types	27
7.3.1 URI structure	27
7.3.2 Compliant usage	27
7.3.3 Business Transaction values and definitions	27
7.4 Source/Destination types	28
7.4.1 URI structure	28
7.4.2 Compliant usage	29
7.4.3 Source/Destination Type values and definitions	29
7.5 Error reason identifiers	29
7.5.1 URI structure	30
7.5.2 Compliant usage	30
7.5.3 Error reason identifier values and definitions	30
7.6 Sensor measurement types	30
7.6.1 URI structure	31
7.6.2 Compliant usage	31
7.6.3 Sensor measurement type values and definitions	31
7.7 Sensor alert types	36
7.7.1 URI structure	36
7.7.2 Compliant usage	36
7.7.3 Sensor alert type values and definitions	37
7.8 Sensor report component type	37
7.8.1 URI structure	37
7.8.2 Compliant usage	37
7.8.3 Sensor report component types and definitions	37

8	User vocabularies	39
8.1	General considerations and syntax forms	39
8.1.1	EPC URI	40
8.1.2	GS1 Digital Link URI	40
8.1.3	Private or Industry-wide URN	40
8.1.4	HTTP or HTTPS URL	41
8.2	Physical or digital objects (Instance-Level Identification)	42
8.2.1	EPC URI for Instance-level identification of objects	43
8.2.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for Instance-level identification of objects	43
8.2.3	Private or Industry-wide URN for Instance-level identification of objects	45
8.2.4	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for Instance-level identification of objects	45
8.3	Physical or digital objects (Class-level identification)	46
8.3.1	EPC URI for Class-level identification of objects	47
8.3.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for Class-level identification of objects	48
8.3.3	Private or Industry-wide URN for Class-level identification of objects	48
8.3.4	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for Class-level identification of objects	49
8.4	Locations	50
8.4.1	EPC URI for Location identification	50
8.4.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for Location identification	50
8.4.3	Private or Industry-wide URN for Location identification	50
8.4.4	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for Location identification	51
8.4.5	Geographic Location URIs for Location identifiers	52
8.5	Business transactions	52
8.5.1	EPC URI for Business transaction identifiers	53
8.5.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for business transaction identification	53
8.5.3	GLN-based identifier for legacy system business transaction identifiers	53
8.5.4	Private or Industry-wide URN for business transaction identifiers	54
8.5.5	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for business transaction identifiers	54
8.6	Hash URI for business transaction identifiers	55
8.7	Source/Destination identifiers	56
8.7.1	EPC URI for Source/Destination identifiers	57
8.7.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for Source/Destination identification	57
8.7.3	Private or Industry-wide URN for Source/Destination identifiers	57
8.7.4	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for Source/Destination identification	58
8.8	Transformation identifiers	58
8.8.1	EPC URI for Transformation identifiers	59
8.8.2	GS1 Digital Link URIs for Transformation identification	59
8.8.3	GLN-based Identifier for Legacy System Transformation identifiers	59
8.8.4	Private or Industry-wide URN for Transformation identifiers	59
8.8.5	HTTP or HTTPS URLs for Transformation identification	60
8.9	Event identifiers	61
8.9.1	Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URIs for Event identification	61
8.9.2	EPC Event Hash ID	61
8.10	Chemical substance identifiers	65
8.10.1	InChI (International Chemical Identifier) Key URI	65
8.11	Microorganism identifiers	66
8.11.1	NCBI Web URI	66
9	Master data	66
9.1	Data type restrictions	66
9.1.1	Dates	66
9.1.2	Master data attribute names	66
9.1.3	Certification attributes	67
9.2	Trade item master data	69
9.2.1	Trade item master data attributes	70
9.2.2	Trade item master data attributes – trade item level	71
9.2.3	Trade item master data attributes – lot level	74
9.2.4	Trade item master data attributes – instance-level	80
9.2.5	Values of type measurement	81

9.3	Location and party master data.....	81
9.3.1	Location and party master data attributes.....	82
9.3.2	Location master data code list values.....	87
10	List of abbreviations (non-normative)	90
11	References	92

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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This document was prepared by GS1 [as the Core Business Vocabulary (CBV) Standard, Release 2.0] and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was adopted, under the JTC 1 PAS procedure, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 19988:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- support for GS1 Web Vocabulary, URI semantic equivalence by means of owl:sameAs relationships;
- new "How" event dimension;
- overview of EPCIS event "dimensions" with cross-references to relevant sections in EPCIS (ISO/IEC 19987) and CBV (this document);
- new persistent Disposition indicating non-transient business state of an object;
- use of new prefix 952 in all examples;
- new business step values: sampling, sensor_reporting;
- clarified definitions of business step values: commissioning, encoding, inspecting, removing;
- addition of new disposition values: available, completeness_verified, completeness_inferred, conformant, container_open, mismatch_instance, mismatch_class, mismatch_quantity, needs_replacement, non_conformant, unavailable;
- clarified definition and example of disposition value in_progress, recommending omission;

- deprecated disposition value: no_pedigree_match;
- new business transaction types cert, testprd, testres, upevt;
- clarified definition of business transaction type poc to make it clear that Purchase Order Confirmation is also used to represent Sales Order;
- sensor measurement types now supported;
- clarification of HTTPS URLs as a recommended approach alongside HTTP URLs;
- introduced support for constrained set of GS1 Digital Link URIs supported alongside generic HTTP URLs for identification of object instance, class, location, business transaction, source/destination, and transformation;
- clarification preference for PGLN to identify owning and possessing parties;
- introduction of Hash URI as business transaction identifier;
- introduction of EPCIS Event Hash ID as an event Identifier;
- introduction of chemical substance identifiers;
- introduction of microorganism identifiers;
- restriction of date types to specific subset of W3C primitive datatypes;
- extended support for QNames to express master data attributes;
- incorporation of additions published previously as CBVCNs 17-339 (Tax ID), 18-108 (Fish Attributes);
- inclusion of certification attributes in Certification List;
- additionalTradeItemId now as additionalTradeItemIDList;
- deprecation of latitude and longitude from location/party master data;
- addition of geoLocation and geoReference to location/party master data;
- addition of AdditionalPartyIDList;
- example event data moved to machine-readable artefacts;
- introduction of <https://ref.gs1.org/cbv> namespace, to underpin CBV 2.0 support for Linked Data.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

NOTES

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Australian Standard®

Information technology — GS1 Core Business Vocabulary (CBV)

1 Introduction – Core Business Vocabulary

This GS1 standard defines the Core Business Vocabulary (CBV). The goal of this standard is to specify various vocabulary elements and their values for use in conjunction with the EPCIS standard [EPCIS2.0], which defines mechanisms to exchange information both within and across organisation boundaries. EPCIS and the CBV are developed, maintained and published by GS1; EPCIS and the CBV are also published within ISO's PAS process as ISO/IEC 19987 and ISO/IEC 19988, respectively. The vocabulary identifiers and definitions in this standard will ensure that all parties who exchange EPCIS data using the CBV will have a common understanding of the semantic meaning of that data.

This standard is intended to provide a basic capability that meets the above goal. In particular, this standard is designed to define vocabularies that are *core* to the EPCIS abstract data model and are applicable to a broad set of business scenarios common to many industries that have a desire or requirement to share data. This standard intends to provide a useful set of values and definitions that can be consistently understood by each party in the supply chain.

Additional end user requirements may be addressed by augmenting the vocabulary elements herein with additional vocabulary elements defined for a particular industry or a set of users or a single user. Additional values for the standard vocabulary types defined in this standard may be included in follow-on versions of this standard.

This standard includes identifier syntax and specific vocabulary element values with their definitions for these *Standard Vocabularies*:

- Business step identifiers
- Disposition identifiers
- Business transaction types
- Source/Destination types
- Error reason identifiers
- Sensor measurement types
- Sensor alert types

This standard provides identifier syntax options for these *User Vocabularies*:

- Objects
- Locations
- Business transactions
- Source/Destination identifiers
- Transformation identifiers
- Event identifiers
- Chemical substance identifiers
- Microorganism identifiers

This standard provides *Master Data Attributes and Values* for describing Physical Locations including:

- Site Location