

Australian Standard[®]

Polyethylene (PE) pipes for fluids under pressure—Mating dimensions of flange adapters and loose backing flanges (ISO 9624:1997, MOD)

STANDARDS
Australia



This Australian Standard® was prepared by Committee PL-006, Polyolefin Pipe Systems. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 1 February 2008. This Standard was published on 12 March 2008.

The following are represented on Committee PL-006:

- AUSTAP
 - CSIRO Manufacturing and Materials Technology
 - Certification Interests (Australia)
 - Energy Networks Association
 - Engineers Australia
 - Master Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers New Zealand
 - New Zealand Water and Waste Association
 - Plastics Industry Pipe Association of Australia
 - Plastics New Zealand
 - Water Services Association of Australia
-

This Standard was issued in draft form for comment as DR 03309.

Standards Australia wishes to acknowledge the participation of the expert individuals that contributed to the development of this Standard through their representation on the Committee and through the public comment period.

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Australian Standards® are living documents that reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued.

Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current Standard, which should include any amendments that may have been published since the Standard was published.

Detailed information about Australian Standards, drafts, amendments and new projects can be found by visiting www.standards.org.au

Standards Australia welcomes suggestions for improvements, and encourages readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Contact us via email at mail@standards.org.au, or write to Standards Australia, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001.

Australian Standard[®]

**Polyethylene (PE) pipes for fluids under pressure—Mating dimensions of flange adapters and loose backing flanges
(ISO 9624:1997, MOD)**

First published as AS ISO 9624—2008.

COPYRIGHT

© Standards Australia

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Published by Standards Australia GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

ISBN 0 7337 8584 0

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee PL-006, Polyolefin Pipe Systems. After consultation with stakeholders in both countries, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand decided to develop this Standard as an Australian Standard rather than an Australian/New Zealand Standard.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and has been reproduced from ISO 9624:1997 *Thermoplastics pipes for fluids under pressure—Mating dimensions of flange adapters and loose backing flanges*. The modifications have been made to limit the scope of the Standard to polyethylene (PE) pipe systems.

The objective of this Standard is to specify the mating dimensions of flange adapters of polyethylene (PE) materials and the corresponding dimensions of loose backing flanges to be used with polyethylene (PE) pipes under pressure.

As this Standard is reproduced from an international Standard, the following applies:

- (a) Its number does not appear on each page of text and its identity is shown only on the cover and title page.
- (b) In the source text ‘this International Standard’ should read ‘this Australian Standard’.
- (c) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

The term ‘normative’ has been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which it applies. A ‘normative’ annex is an integral part of a Standard.

References to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards, as follows:

<i>Reference to International Standard</i>	<i>Australian/New Zealand Standard</i>
ISO	AS
161 Thermoplastic pipes for the conveyance of fluids—Nominal outside diameters and nominal pressures	—
161-1 Part 1: Metric series	—
261 ISO general purpose metric screw threads—General plan	—
273 Fasteners—Clearance holes for bolts and screws	—
727 Fittings of unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U), chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (PVC-C) or acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene (ABS) with plain sockets for pipes under pressure—Sockets for fusion using heated tools—Metric series	—

ISO		AS/NZS
7005	Metallic flanges Part 1: Steel flanges	4331 Metallic flanges 4331.1 Part 1: Steel flanges
7279	Polypropylene (PP) fittings for pipes under pressure—Sockets for fusion using heated tools—Metric series— Dimensions of sockets	—
8085	Polyethylene fittings for use with polyethylene pipes for the supply of gaseous fuels—Metric series— Specifications	—
8085-1	Part 1: Fittings for socket fusion using heated tools	

Currently in preview, click buy full version

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
1 Scope	1
2 Normative reference.....	1
3 Definitions.....	2
3.1 nominal outside diameter, d_n	2
3.2 nominal diameter DN	2
3.3 nominal pressure PN.....	2
4 Symbols.....	2
5 Dimensions	2
 Annex ZZ	
Variations to ISO 9624:1997 for application in Australia.....	8

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD

Polyethylene (PE) pipes for fluids under pressure—Mating dimensions of flange adaptors and loose backing flanges (ISO 9624:1997, MOD)**1 Scope**

This International Standard specifies the mating dimensions of flange adaptors of thermoplastic materials and the corresponding dimensions of loose backing flanges to be used with thermoplastic pipes under pressure.

It applies to flange adaptors and loose backing flanges for use with pipes with nominal outside diameters d_n from 16 mm to 1 200 mm and nominal pressures up to 16 bar¹⁾ (PN 16).

Tables 2 and 3 specify dimensions for socket fusion systems of polyethylene (PE) and polypropylene (PP) and solvent-cemented systems of unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U), chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) and acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene (ABS).

Tables 3 to 5 specify dimensions for butt fusion systems of polyethylene (PE) and polypropylene (PP).

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 161-1:1996, *Thermoplastic pipes for the conveyance of fluids — Nominal outside diameters and nominal pressures — Part 1: Metric series.*

ISO 261:1973, *ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan.*

ISO 273:1979, *Fasteners — Clearance holes for bolts and screws.*

ISO 727:1985, *Fittings of unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U), chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (PVC-C) or acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene (ABS), with plain sockets for pipes under pressure — Dimensions of sockets — Metric series.*

ISO 7005-1:1992, *Metallic flanges — Part 1: Steel flanges.*

ISO 7279:1984, *Polypropylene (PP) fittings for pipes under pressure — Sockets for fusion using heated tools — Metric series — Dimensions of sockets.*

ISO 8085-1:—), *Polyethylene fittings for use with polyethylene pipes for the supply of gaseous fuels — Metric series — Specifications — Part 1: Fittings for socket fusion using heated tools.*

1) 16 bar = 10^5 N/m² = 0,1 MPa

2) To be published.