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STANDARDS
Australia



Stationary training equipment

Part 5: Stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment, additional specific safety requirements and test methods



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AS ISO 20957.5:2021

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Part 5: Stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment, additional specific safety requirements and test methods

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Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee CS-101, Sports and recreational facilities and equipment.

The objective of this document is to specify safety requirements for stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment in addition to the general safety requirements of AS 20957.1:2021.

This document is applicable to stationary training equipment type stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment (type 5) as defined in Clause 3 within the classes S, H, I and A, B, C according to AS 20957.1:2021.

This document does not consider any attachment provided with the stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment for the performance of additional exercises, and roller stones, as they cannot be made safe in a reasonable way.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from, ISO 20957-5:2016, *Stationary training equipment — Part 5: Stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment, additional specific safety requirements and test methods*.

As this document has been reproduced from an International Standard, a full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific Standards.

The terms “normative” and “informative” are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A “normative” appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an “informative” appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

ISO 20957-5 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 136, *Sports, playground and other recreational facilities and equipment*, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 83, *Sports and other recreational facilities and equipment*, in accordance with the agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 20957-5:2005), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- publication as an EN ISO;
- formulation aligned with ISO 20957-1;
- [Clause 5](#) "Safety requirements" specified and restructured;
- [Clause 6](#) "Test methods" specified and restructured;
- normative references updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 20957 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

This document concerns the safety of crank training equipment. It amends and supplements ISO 20957-1. The requirements of this document take priority over those in the general standard.

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Australian Standard®

Stationary training equipment

Part 5: Stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment, additional specific safety requirements and test methods

1 Scope

This document specifies safety requirements for stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment in addition to the general safety requirements of ISO 20957-1.

This document is applicable to stationary training equipment type stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment (type 5) as defined in [Clause 3](#) within the classes 5 H, 5 and A, B, C according to ISO 20957-1.

Any attachment provided with the stationary exercise bicycles and upper body crank training equipment for the performance of additional exercises are subject to the requirements of ISO 20957-1.

This document is not applicable to roller stands as they cannot be made safe in a reasonable way.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4210-8:2014, *Cycles — Safety requirements for bicycles — Part 8: Pedal and drive system test methods*

ISO 20957-1, *Stationary training equipment — Part 1: General safety requirements and test methods*

EN 71-1, *Safety of toys — Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 20957-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia, available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

crank training equipment

stationary apparatus on which work is carried out by turning a crank mechanism either by using the lower body or the upper body or both

3.2

freewheel

mechanism which is designed to disengage the flywheel from the crank mechanism in one direction

3.3

seat pillar

connection between the frame and the seat provided to adjust the height of the seat

3.4

seat tube

part of the frame where the *seat pillar* ([3.3](#)) is inserted