

Australian Standard™

Statistical interpretation of data

**Part 7: Median—Estimation and
confidence intervals**



**STANDARDS
AUSTRALIA**

This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee QR-008, Quality Systems. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 17 May 2004. This Standard was published on 5 July 2004.

The following are represented on Committee QR-008:

Airways New Zealand
Australian Institute of Petroleum
Australian Organisation for Quality
Bureau of Steel Manufacturers of Australia
Commonwealth Department of Transport and Regional Services
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (Commonwealth)
Federal Chamber of Automotive Industries
Institute of Materials Engineering Australasia
Institution of Engineers Australia
International Accreditation Forum
Joint Accreditation System of Australia and New Zealand
Main Roads Department, Queensland
QSA International
Telarc New Zealand
The Royal Australian Chemical Institute

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Standards are living documents which reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued. Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current standard, which should include any amendments which may have been published since the Standard was purchased.

Detailed information about Standards can be found by visiting the Standards Web Shop at www.standards.com.au and looking up the relevant Standard in the on-line catalogue.

Alternatively, the printed Catalogue provides information current at 1 January each year, and the monthly magazine, *The Global Standard*, has a full listing of revisions and amendments published each month.

Australian Standards™ and other products and services developed by Standards Australia are published and distributed under contract by SAI Global, which operates the Standards Web Shop.

We also welcome suggestions for improvement in our Standards, and especially encourage readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Contact us via email at mail@standards.org.au, or write to the Chief Executive, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001.

Australian Standard™

Statistical interpretation of data

**Part 7: Median—Estimation and
confidence intervals**

First published as AS ISO 16269.7—2004.

COPYRIGHT

© Standards Australia International

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Published by Standards Australia International Ltd
GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

ISBN 0 7337 6105 4

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Australia members of Joint Standards Australia/New Zealand Committee QR-008, Quality Systems. After consultation with stakeholders in both countries, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand decided to develop this Standard as an Australian Standard rather than an Australia/New Zealand Standard.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from ISO 16269-7:2001, *Statistical interpretation of data, Part 7: Median—Estimation and confidence intervals*.

This Standard is Part 7 of the AS ISO 16269 series. Parts 1 to 6 are under development and will be titled as follows:

Part 1: Guide to statistical interpretation of data

Part 2: Presentation of statistical data

Part 3: Tests for departure from normality

Part 4: Detection and treatment of outliers

Part 5: Estimation and tests of means and variances for the normal distribution, with power functions for tests

Part 6: Determination of statistical tolerance intervals

The objective of this Standard is to provide analysts with the procedure for establishing a point estimate and confidence intervals for the median of any continuous probability distribution of a population, based on a random sample size from the population.

The term ‘informative’ has been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which it applies. An ‘informative’ annex is only for information and guidance.

As this Standard is reproduced from an international standard, the following applies:

- (a) Its number appears on the cover and title page while the international standard number appears only on the cover.
- (b) In the source text ‘this part of ISO 16269’ should read ‘this Australian Standard’.
- (c) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.
- (d) None of the normative references in the source document have been adopted as Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards.

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms, definitions and symbols	1
4 Applicability	2
5 Point estimation	2
6 Confidence interval	3
Annex A (informative) Classical method of determining confidence limits for the median	7
Annex B (informative) Examples	8
Forms	
Form A — Calculation of an estimate of a median	9
Form B — Calculation of a confidence interval for a median	11
Table	
Table 1 — Exact values of k for sample sizes varying from 5 to 100: one-sided case	4
Table 2 — Exact values of k for sample sizes varying from 5 to 100: two-sided case	5
Table 3 — Values of u and c for the one-sided case	6
Table 4 — Values of u and c for the two-sided case	6

Currently in preview, click buy full version

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD

Statistical interpretation of data —**Part 7:
Median — Estimation and confidence intervals****1 Scope**

This part of ISO 16269 specifies the procedures for establishing a point estimate and confidence intervals for the median of any continuous probability distribution of a population, based on a random sample size from the population. These procedures are distribution-free, i.e. they do not require knowledge of the family of distributions to which the population distribution belongs. Similar procedures can be applied to estimate quartiles and percentiles.

NOTE The median is the second quartile and the fiftieth percentile. Similar procedures for other quartiles or percentiles are not described in this part of ISO 16269.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 16269. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 16269 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 2602, *Statistical interpretation of test results — Estimation of the mean — Confidence interval.*

ISO 3534-1, *Statistics — Vocabulary and symbols — Part 1: Probability and general statistical terms.*

3 Terms, definitions and symbols**3.1 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this part of ISO 16269, the terms and definitions given in ISO 2602 and ISO 3534-1 and the following apply:

3.1.1***k*th order statistic of a sample**

Value of the *k*th element in a sample when the elements are arranged in non-decreasing order of their values

NOTE For a sample of *n* elements arranged in non-decreasing order, the *k*th order statistics is $x_{[k]}$ where

$$x_{[1]} \leq x_{[2]} \leq \dots \leq x_{[n]}$$