



**Electricity metering equipment (ac)—
Particular requirements**

**Part 22: Static meters for active energy
(classes 0.2 S and 0.5 S)
(IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED. 1.1) MOD)**

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 - Australian Energy Council
 - Australian Energy Market Operator
 - Australian Industry Group
 - Consumers Federation of Australia
 - Electrical Regulatory Authorities Council
 - Energy Networks Australia
 - National Electrical and Communications Association
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-

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Australian Standard[®]

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(IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED. 1.1) MOD)**

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee EL-011, Electricity Metering Equipment, to supersede AS 62053.22—2005, *Electricity metering equipment (AC)—Particular requirements—Part 22: Static meters for active energy (classes 0.2 S and 0.5 S)*.

The objective of this Standard is to communicate to users, and also provide manufacturers, with the particular requirements for class 0.2 S and 0.5 S active energy static meters intended for use in Australia.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and has been reproduced from IEC 62053-22:2003 + AMD.1:2016 CSV (ED.1.1), *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.)—Particular requirements, Part 22: Static meters for active energy (classes 0,2 S and 0,5 S)*. ‘CSV’ stands for ‘consolidated version’ whereby IEC Amendment 1:2016 has been incorporated into the source text.

The Australian variations to the IEC source text are listed in Appendix ZZ.

This Standard is structured as follows:

- (a) Preface.
- (b) IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED.1.1) (unedited from the Contents page to the final clause of the source document).
- (c) Appendix ZZ, containing variations to IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED.1.1) for application in Australia.

As this Standard is reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (i) In the source text ‘this part of IEC 62053’ should read ‘this Australian Standard’.
- (ii) A full point should be substituted for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific standards.

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ have been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex or appendix to which they apply. A ‘normative’ annex or appendix is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an ‘informative’ annex or appendix is for information and guidance only.

This Standard belongs to the programme of adoptions of IEC 62052 and IEC 62053 series Standards on electricity metering equipment. Existing adoptions have been updated and a new Part (AS 62053.24) in the series has been added. The current adoptions comprise the following:

AS 62052.11 (General meter requirements). Modified adoption of IEC 62052-11:2016 (ED.1.1).

AS 62052.21 (Tariff and load control). Modified adoption of IEC 62052-21:2016 (ED.1.1).

AS 62053.21 (Class 1/2 kWh). Modified adoption of IEC 62053-21:2016 (ED.1.1).

AS 62053.22 (Class 0.2/0.5 kWh). Modified adoption of IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED.1.1) (this Standard).

AS 62053.23 (Class 2/3 kvarh). Modified adoption of IEC 62053-23:2016 (ED.1.1).

AS 62053.24 (Class 1.0/0.5 kvarh). Modified adoption of IEC 62053-24:2016 (ED.1.1).

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FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

DISCLAIMER

This Consolidated version is not an official IEC Standard and has been prepared for user convenience. Only the current versions of the standard and its amendment(s) are to be considered the official documents.

This Consolidated version of IEC 62053-22 bears the edition number 1.1. It consists of the first edition (2013-01) [documents 13/1283/FDIS and 13/1290/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2016-11) [documents 13/1701A/FDIS and 13/1715/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

This Final version does not show where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. A separate Redline version with all changes highlighted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 62053-22 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 13: Equipment for electrical energy measurement and load control.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 2 years from the date of publication.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62053 is to be used with the following relevant parts of the IEC 62052, IEC 62053 and IEC 62059 series, Electricity metering equipment:

IEC 62052-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62052-31:2015, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests*

IEC 62053-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 11: Electromechanical meters for active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)* Replaces particular requirements of IEC 60521: 1988 (2nd edition)

IEC 62053-21:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 21: Static meters for active energy (classes 1 and 2)* Replaces particular requirements of IEC 61036: 2000 (2nd edition)

IEC 62053-23:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – Particular requirements – Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)*
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62053-24:2014, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 24: Static meters for reactive energy at fundamental frequency (classes 0,5 S, 1S and 1)*
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62053-31:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 31: Pulse output devices for electromechanical and electronic meters (two wires only)*

IEC 62053-61:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 61: Power consumption and voltage requirements*

IEC 62059-11:2002, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Dependability – Part 11: General concepts*

IEC 62059-21:2002, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Dependability – Part 21: Collection of meter dependability data from the field*

This part is a standard for type testing electricity meters. It covers the particular requirements for meters, being used indoors. It does not deal with special implementations (such as metering-panel and/or displays in separate housings).

This standard is intended to be used in conjunction with IEC 62052-11. When any requirement of this standard concerns an item already covered in IEC 62052-11, the requirements of this standard take precedence over the requirements of IEC 62052-11.

This standard distinguishes:

- between accuracy class index 0,2 S and accuracy class index 0,5 S meters;
- between protective class I and protective class II meters;
- between meters for use in networks equipped with or without earth fault neutralizers.

The test levels are regarded as minimum values that provide for the proper functioning of the meter under normal working conditions. For special application, other test levels might be necessary and should be agreed on between the user and the manufacturer.

INTRODUCTION TO AMENDMENT 1

The purpose of this amendment is to identify and remove all safety related requirements and tests of IEC 62053-22:2003 that are replaced and extended by the complete set of requirements and tests in IEC 62052-31:2015.

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AUSTRALIAN STANDARD

Electricity metering equipment (ac)—Particular requirements**Part 22:****Static meters for active energy (classes 0.2 S and 0.5 S)
(IEC 62053-22:2016 (ED. 1.1) MOD)****1 Scope**

This part of IEC 62053 applies only to newly manufactured static watt-hour meters of accuracy classes 0,2 S and 0,5 S, for the measurement of alternating current electrical active energy in 50 Hz or 60 Hz networks and it applies to their type tests only.

It applies only to transformer-operated static watt-hour meters for indoor application consisting of a measuring element and register(s) enclosed together in a meter case. It also applies to operation indicator(s) and test output(s). If the meter has a measuring element for more than one type of energy (multi-energy meters), or when other functional elements, like maximum demand indicators, electronic tariff registers, time switcher, ripple control receivers, data communication interfaces, etc. are enclosed in the meter case, then the relevant standards for these elements also apply.

NOTE IEC 60044-1 describes transformers having a measuring range of $0,01 I_n$ to $1,2 I_n$, or of $0,05 I_n$ to $1,5 I_n$, or of $0,05 I_n$ to $2 I_n$ and transformers having a measuring range of $0,01 I_n$ to $1,5 I_n$ for accuracy classes 0,2 S and 0,5 S. As the measuring ranges of a meter and its associated transformers have to be matched and as only transformers of classes 0,2 S and 0,5 S have the accuracy required to operate the meters of this standard, the measuring range of the meter will be $0,01 I_n$ to $1,2 I_n$.

It does not apply to:

- watt-hour meters where the voltage across the connection terminals exceeds 600 V (line-to-line voltage for meters for polyphase systems);
- portable meters and meters for outdoor use;
- data interfaces to the register of the meter;
- reference meters.

The dependability aspect is covered by the documents of the IEC 62059 series.

The safety aspect is covered by IEC 62052-31:2015.

Regarding accuracy tests, see IEC 62058-11:2008 and IEC 62058-31:2008.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60044-1:1996, *Instrument transformers – Part 1: Current transformers*

IEC 62052-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62052-31:2015, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests*