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Food microbiology

Method 10: Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection, enumeration and serotyping of *Salmonella* — Detection of *Salmonella* spp. (ISO 6579-1:2017, MOD)

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— Horizontal method for the detection,
enumeration and serotyping of *Salmonella*
— Detection of *Salmonella* spp.
(ISO 6579-1:2017, MOD)**

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Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee FT-035, Food Microbiology, to supersede AS 5013.10:2009, *Food microbiology, Method 10: Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Horizontal method for the detection of Salmonella spp. (ISO 6579:2002, MOD)*.

The objective of this document is to specify a horizontal method for the detection of *Salmonella*.

This document is applicable to the following:

- (a) products intended for human consumption and the feeding of animals;
- (b) environmental samples in the area of food production and food handling; and
- (c) samples from the primary production stage such as animal faeces, dust, and swabs.

This document is an adoption with national modifications, and has been reproduced from, ISO 6579-1:2017, *Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection, enumeration and serotyping of Salmonella — Part 1: Detection of Salmonella spp.* and its Amendment No. 1 (2020), which has been added at the end of the source text.

[Appendix ZZ](#) lists the variations to ISO 6579-1:2017 for the application of this document in Australia.

As this document has been reproduced from an International Standard, a full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific Standards.

The terms “normative” and “informative” are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A “normative” appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an “informative” appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN), Technical Committee CEN/TC 275, *Food analysis — Horizontal methods*, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Microbiology*, in accordance with the agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 6579-1 cancels and replaces ISO 6579:2002 and ISO 6785:2001, which have been technically revised. It also incorporates ISO 6579:2002/Amd 1:2007 and ISO 6579:2002/Cor 1:2004.

The main changes, compared to ISO 6579:2002, are the following.

- ISO 6785 has been incorporated in this document.
- Samples from the primary production stage have been added to the scope.
- Detection of *Salmonella* Typhi and *Salmonella* Paratyphi is described in [Annex D](#).
- Descriptions of preparations of initial suspensions have been removed and references made to relevant parts of ISO 6887, whenever possible.
- The temperature range for incubation of non-selective media has been extended from 37 °C ± 1 °C to 36 °C to 38 °C without further tolerance.
- For selective enrichment, there is a choice between using the broth or the semi-solid agar of Rappaport Vassiliadis medium (RVS or MSRV) for food, animal feed samples, and for environmental samples from the food production area.
- The inoculation of the isolation medium has become less prescriptive; the objective is to obtain well-isolated colonies after incubation.
- For confirmation, it is acceptable to perform the tests on only one suspect colony (instead of one suspect colony of each medium combination). If this isolate tests negative for *Salmonella*, four more suspect isolates from different media combinations shall be tested.

- It is permitted to perform the biochemical confirmation directly on a suspect, well-isolated colony from the selective plating medium. The purity check on the non-selective agar medium can then be performed in parallel.
- Two confirmation tests have become optional (β -galactosidase test and indole reaction) and one confirmation test has been deleted (Voges-Proskauer reaction).
- In this document, serological confirmation (to serogroup level) is described. For guidance on serotyping (to serovar level), reference is made to ISO/TR 6579-3.
- [Table 1](#) has been improved.
- Performance testing for the quality assurance of the culture media has been added to [Annex E](#).
- Performance characteristics of MSR/V have been added to [Annex C](#).

A list of all parts in the ISO 6579 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

This document describes a horizontal method for the detection of *Salmonella* spp. in food (including milk and milk products, originally described in ISO 6785), in animal feed, in animal faeces, and in environmental samples from the primary production stage (the latter two were originally described in ISO 6579:2002/Amd 1:2007).

The main changes, listed in the foreword, introduced in this document compared to ISO 6579:2002, are considered as minor (see ISO 17468^[37]).

A procedure for the enumeration of *Salmonella* spp. is described in ISO/TS 6579-2.^[3]

Guidance for serotyping of *Salmonella* spp. is described in ISO/TR 6579-3.^[24]

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Food microbiology

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WARNING — In order to safeguard the health of laboratory personnel, it is essential that tests for detecting *Salmonella* are only undertaken in properly equipped laboratories under the control of a skilled microbiologist and that great care is taken in the disposal of all incubated materials. Persons using this document should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This document does not purport to address all of the safety aspects, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This document specifies a horizontal method for the detection of *Salmonella*. It is applicable to the following:

- products intended for human consumption and the feeding of animals;
- environmental samples in the area of food production and food handling;
- samples from the primary production stage such as animal faeces, dust, and swabs.

With this horizontal method, most of the *Salmonella* serovars are intended to be detected. For the detection of some specific serovars, additional culture steps may be needed. For *Salmonella* Typhi and *Salmonella* Paratyphi, the procedure is described in [Annex D](#).

The selective enrichment medium modified semi-solid Rappaport-Vassiliadis (MSRV) agar is intended for the detection of motile *Salmonella* and is not appropriate for the detection of non-motile *Salmonella* strains.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6887 (all parts), *Microbiology of food and animal feed — Preparation of test samples, initial suspension and decimal dilutions for microbiological examination*

ISO 7218, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — General requirements and guidance for microbiological examinations*

ISO 11133:2014, *Microbiology of food, animal feed and water — Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>