

Australian Standard™

Alumina

Part 9: Determination of flow time

This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee MN-009, Alumina and Materials used in Aluminium Production. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 14 July 2002 and published on 18 July 2002.

The following are represented on Committee MN-009:

Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy

Australian Aluminium Council

Minerals Council of Australia

Royal Australian Chemical Institute

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Standards are living documents which reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued. Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current Standard, which should include any amendments which may have been published since the Standard was purchased.

Detailed information about Standards can be found by visiting the Standards Australia web site at www.standards.com.au and looking up the relevant Standard in the on-line catalogue.

Alternatively, the printed Catalogue provides information current at 1 January each year, and the monthly magazine, *The Australian Standard*, has a full listing of revisions and amendments published each month.

We also welcome suggestions for improvement in our Standards, and especially encourage readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Contact us via email at mail@standards.com.au, or write to the Chief Executive, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001.

Australian Standard™

Alumina

Part 9: Determination of flow time

First published as AS 2879.9—2002.

COPYRIGHT

© Standards Australia International

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Published by Standards Australia International Ltd
GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

ISBN 0 7337 4733 7

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee, MN-009, Alumina and Materials used in Aluminium Production, to provide a method for the determination of the flow time of smelter-grade alumina.

The objective of this Standard is to provide those responsible for the testing of alumina with a standardized procedure that will deliver consistent results for flow time. This property is an indicator of the flowability and handling characteristics of aluminas.

The term 'informative' has been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which it applies. An 'informative' appendix is only for information and guidance.

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
1 SCOPE.....	4
2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS.....	4
3 PRINCIPLE	4
4 SAFETY	4
5 APPARATUS	4
6 SAMPLE PREPARATION	5
7 PROCEDURE.....	5
8 REPORTING OF RESULTS.....	5
9 PRECISION	5
10 TEST REPORT	6
APPENDIX A RESULTS OF PLANNED TRIAL.....	9

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Australian Standard
Alumina**Part 9: Determination of flow time****1 SCOPE**

This Standard sets out a method for determining the amount of time taken for a given quantity of smelter-grade alumina to flow by gravity through a precisely constructed standard funnel.

NOTE: Variations in the apparatus and other test variables may create significant inter-laboratory differences. (Refer to Table A1.)

2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

The following document is referred to in this Standard:

AS	
2243	Safety in laboratories (series)
2850	Chemical analysis—Interlaboratory test programs—For determining precision of analytical method(s)—Guide to the planning and conduct
4538	Guide to the sampling of alumina
4538.2	Part 2: Preparation of samples

3 PRINCIPLE

The standard funnel is loaded with a specified mass of alumina. The time for the alumina to flow out of the funnel is determined.

4 SAFETY

For information on laboratory safety, reference should be made to the relevant parts of AS 2243.

5 APPARATUS**5.1 General**

The test may be carried out using manual or automatic timing. An automatic device is shown in Figure 1.

5.2 Funnel

Precisely constructed of a corrosion resistant metal as shown in Figure 2 with an abrasion resistant material insert with an outlet diameter of 3.95 to 4 mm; this diameter is critical.

The funnel shall be clean (no oxides) and dry prior to use; otherwise flow times will not be reproducible.

NOTE: Frequent use is the best cleaning mechanism.

5.3 Timing device

Either a stop watch or automated device capable of an accuracy of 0.1 s.