

Australian Standard™

Electrodes and fluxes for submerged-arc welding

Part 1: Carbon steels and carbon-manganese steels

This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee WD-002, Welding Consumables. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 31 January 2003 and published on 3 March 2003.

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Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Australian Industry Group
Australian Institute of Steel Construction
Bureau of Steel Manufacturers of Australia
Business New Zealand
CSIRO Manufacturing Science and Technology
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Part 1: Carbon steels and carbon-manganese steels

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee WD-002, Welding Consumables, to supersede AS 1858.1—1986.

The objective of this Standard is to provide classification and designation systems, as well as requirements, for solid and composite welding electrodes and fluxes for submerged-arc welding of carbon steels and carbon manganese steels.

This Standard is based on ANSI/AWS A5.17, *Specification for Carbon Steel Electrodes and Fluxes for Submerged-arc Welding*.

The principle behind the classification and designation systems adopted was that each of the three factors involved, electrodes, flux and weld metal, should be capable of individual selection and identification. In particular, the concept of the classification of weld metal as a separate entity is regarded as being of great significance. For ease of selection, the weld metal is classified according to its tensile strength and divided into grades related to its Charpy V-notch impact energy value. The Standard, therefore, separately deals with electrodes, fluxes, weld metal and testing.

Because of the large number of electrode/flux combinations available, guidance is frequently needed on the suitability of the process for a specific weldment. The intent here is that the designer should only need to specify on the drawing the weld metal designation, thereby nominating the mechanical properties required for satisfactory functioning of the welded joint. The fabricator, taking into account recommendations by the manufacturer of the consumables, can select the electrode/flux combination that are appropriate to the materials of construction and the conditions pertaining at the time.

If procedure qualification is called up in the relevant application code, it may be necessary for the chosen electrode/flux combination to be qualified by procedure testing.

The terms 'normative' and 'informative' have been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which they apply. A 'normative' appendix is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an 'informative' appendix is only for information and guidance.

Statements expressed in mandatory terms in notes to tables are deemed to be requirements of this Standard.

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
SECTION 1 SCOPE AND GENERAL	
1.1 SCOPE	4
1.2 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS	4
1.3 DEFINITIONS	5
1.4 CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION SYSTEMS	5
1.5 TESTING	5
SECTION 2 ELECTRODES	
2.1 SCOPE OF SECTION	7
2.2 CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION	7
2.3 MANUFACTURE	8
2.4 CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF SOLID ELECTRODES	9
2.5 SIZES	9
2.6 VOIDS IN CORE OF COMPOSITE ELECTRODE	9
2.7 FINISH AND TEMPER	9
2.8 COILING OF ELECTRODE	10
2.9 PACKAGING	11
2.10 MARKING	11
2.11 STORAGE	12
SECTION 3 FLUXES	
3.1 SCOPE OF SECTION	15
3.2 CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION	15
3.3 MANUFACTURE	15
3.4 FLUX FORM AND PARTICLE SIZE	16
3.5 PACKAGING	16
3.6 MARKING	16
3.7 STORAGE	16
SECTION 4 WELD METALS	
4.1 SCOPE OF SECTION	17
4.2 CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION	17
4.3 FCG AND ECG ELECTRODES	17
APPENDICES	
A GUIDE TO THE AUSTRALIAN STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF ELECTRODES AND FLUXES FOR SUBMERGED-ARC WELDING, AND FACTORS INFLUENCING THE SELECTION OF AN ELECTRODE/FLUX COMBINATION	19
B TESTING	27
C HYDROGEN CONTROL	35

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Australian Standard**Electrodes and fluxes for submerged-arc welding****Part 1: Carbon steels and carbon-manganese steels**

SECTION 1 SCOPE AND GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

This Standard specifies requirements for solid and composite electrodes and fluxes for the submerged-arc welding of carbon steels and carbon manganese steel. It defines classification and designation systems for electrodes, fluxes and weld metal, and specifies their chemical and physical properties. It also specifies, where appropriate, requirements for testing, packaging, marking and storage.

NOTES:

- 1 The electrodes and fluxes specified herein may also be used under appropriate conditions, for the welding of certain alloy steels.
- 2 Guidance on the classification system and the selection of electrodes and fluxes is given in Appendix A.

1.2 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents are referred to in this Standard:

AS

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| 1544 | Methods for impact tests on metals |
| 1544.2 | Part 2: Charpy V-notch |
| 1674 | Safety in welding and allied processes |
| 1674.1 | Part 1: Fire precautions |
| 1674.2 | Part 2: Electrical |
| 2177 | Non-destructive testing—Radiography of welded butt joints in metals |
| 2177.1 | Part 1: Methods of test |
| 2205 | Methods of destructive testing of welds in metal |
| 2205.2.2 | Method 2.2: All-weld-metal tensile test |
| 2205.7.1 | Method 7.1: Charpy V-notch impact fracture toughness test |
| 2812 | Welding, brazing and cutting of metals—Glossary of terms |
| AS/NZS | |
| 1670 | Methods for the analysis of iron and steel (all methods) |
| 3578 | Structural steel—Hot-rolled plates, floorplates and slabs |
| 3752 | Welding—Methods for determination of the diffusible hydrogen content of ferritic weld metal produced by arc welding |

ANSI/AWS

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|---|-------------------------------------|
| A5.01 | Filler metal procurement guidelines |
| WTIA (Welding Technology Institute of Australia) | |
| Technical Note 3—Care and conditioning of arc-welding consumables | |
| Technical Note 7—Health and safety in welding | |
| Technical Note 22—Welding—Electrical safety | |