

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

RECONFIRMATION

OF

AS 1815.3—2007

Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test

Method 3: Calibration of reference blocks (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)
(ISO 6508-3:2005, MOD)

RECONFIRMATION NOTICE

Technical Committee MT-009 has reviewed the content of this publication and in accordance with Standards Australia procedures for reconfirmation, it has been determined that the publication is still valid and does not require change.

Certain documents referenced in the publication may have been amended since the original date of publication. Users are advised to ensure that they are using the latest versions of such documents as appropriate, unless advised otherwise in this Reconfirmation Notice.

Approved for reconfirmation in accordance with Standards Australia procedures for reconfirmation on 20 March 2017.

The following are represented on Technical Committee MT-009:

Australasian Institute of Surface Finishers
Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Australian Industry Group
Australian Steel Institute
Bureau of Steel Manufacturers of Australia
Galvanizers Association of Australia
Galvanizing Association of New Zealand
New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers

NOTES

Currently in preview, click buy full vers.

Australian Standard®

Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test**Method 3: Calibration of reference blocks (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)
(ISO 6508-3:2005, MOD)**

AS 1815.3—2007

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee MT-000 Mechanical Testing of Metals to supersede in part AS 1815.3—2002, *Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test*, Method 3: *Calibration of reference blocks (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)*.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and is reproduced from ISO 6508-3:2005 *Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test*, Part 3: *Calibration of reference blocks (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)*.

Variations to the ISO text for Australia are set out in Appendix ZZ. Changes to the ISO text are indicated by a marginal bar.

This Standard modifies ISO 6508-3 to conform with established Australian practices for hardness testing.

This Standard is one of a series of Standards covering the range of hardness testing methods. The series comprises of the following:

AS

1815 Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test

1815.1 Method 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

1815.2 Method 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

1815.3 Method 3: Calibration of reference blocks (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)
(ISO 6508-3:2005, MOD) (this Standard)

1816 Metallic materials—Brinell hardness test

1816.1 Method 1: Test method (ISO 6506-1:2005, MOD)

1816.2 Method 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines

1816.3 Method 3: Calibration of reference blocks

1816.4 Method 4: Table of hardness values

1817 Metallic materials—Vickers hardness test

1817.1 Method 1: Test method (ISO 6507-1:1997, MOD)

1817.2 Method 2: Verification of testing machines

1817.3 Method 3: Calibration of reference blocks

5016 Metallic materials—Conversion of hardness values

As this Standard is reproduced from an international standard, the following applies:

- (a) Its number appears on the cover and title page while the international standard number appears only on the cover
- (b) In the source text ‘this part of ISO 6508’ should read ‘this Australian Standard’.
- (c) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

References to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards, as follows:

<i>Reference to International Standard</i>		<i>Australian Standard</i>	
ISO		AS	
376	Metallic materials—Calibration of force-proving instruments used for verification of uniaxial testing machines	2193	Calibration and classification of force measuring systems
4287	Geometrical production specifications (GPS)—Surface texture: Profile methods—Terms definitions and surface texture parameters	—	
6508	Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test	1815	Metallic materials—Rockwell hardness test
6508-1	Part 1: Test method scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)	1815.1	Method 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)
6508-2	Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)	1815.2	Method 3: Verification and calibration of testing machines (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ have been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which they apply. A ‘normative’ annex is an integral part of a standard, where an ‘informative’ annex is only for information and guidance.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 6508 specifies a method for the calibration of reference blocks to be used for the indirect verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T), as specified in ISO 6508-2.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 376:2004, *Metallic materials — Calibration of force-measuring instruments used for verification of uniaxial testing machines*

ISO 4287:1997, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

ISO 6508-1, *Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)*

ISO 6508-2, *Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)*

3 Manufacture of reference blocks

3.1 The block shall be specially manufactured for use as a hardness-reference block.

NOTE Attention is drawn to the need to use a manufacturing process which will give the necessary homogeneity, stability of structure and uniformity of surface hardness.

3.2 Each metal block to be calibrated shall be of a thickness not less than 6 mm.

Reference blocks should have a thickness of 6 mm to 16 mm. To minimize the effect of hardness change with increasing number of indents, a minimum thickness of 12 mm should be used for steel. For other materials, different thicknesses could be used.

3.3 The reference blocks shall be free of magnetism. It is recommended that the manufacturer ensure that the blocks, if made of steel, have been demagnetized at the end of the manufacturing process (before calibration).