

American
National
Standard

ANSI/AAMI/
UL 2800-1-2:
2022

Standard for Interoperable
Item Development Life
Cycle

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Standard for Interoperable Item Development Life Cycle

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Abstract: This document specifies a baseline set of requirements for assuring safe and secure interoperability for Interoperable Medical Systems.

Keywords: interoperability requirements, medical systems, medical devices, interoperable systems

Commitment for Amendments

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Committee representation

Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

AAMI/UL Joint Committee for Medical Device Interoperability, JC 2800

The publication of AAMI/UL 2800-1-2:2022 as a new American National Standard was initiated by the AAMI/UL Joint Committee for Medical Device Interoperability, JC 2800.

This list represents the membership at the time the Committee balloted on the final text of this edition. Since that time, changes in the membership may have occurred.

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1 Introduction

1.1 The AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards covers the interoperability of medical products. AAMI/UL 2800-1 is the general standard that specifies a baseline set of requirements for assuring safe and secure interoperability for interoperable medical systems. The requirements in the AAMI/UL 2800-1 standard are supplemented by the requirements in additional AAMI/UL 2800 standards. These additional standards are intended to be used in conjunction with the general standard and applied as needed. While this introduction applies to all of the AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards, the scope section of each additional standard describes what is covered by that standard.

1.2 Multiple stakeholders may participate in the development, deployment, assembly, and operation of a medical system with interoperable elements. Such a system, referred to as an interoperable medical system, should minimize patient risks, maintain clinical effectiveness, ensure timely and adequate access to care, while protecting its security, and enable adequate provision of care. In order to facilitate alignment of stakeholders around these aims, the AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards establishes a baseline set of requirements for assuring safe and secure interoperability.

1.3 Each stakeholder will need to determine the specific level and manner in which interoperability will be specified and assured for its interoperable medical products. However, a specific system may be developed, assembled, deployed, and operated through a range of processes undertaken by multiple stakeholders. Specific activities in these processes assure interoperability. In order for stakeholders to collectively accomplish this, the processes need to be linked effectively.

1.4 Effective linkage of processes across multiple stakeholders is a core focus of the AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards. This first requires that each stakeholder adequately assesses and manages safety and security vulnerabilities of its interoperable medical products. Secondly, it requires that each stakeholder understands and conforms with interoperability aspects of disclosed specifications of an interoperable medical product which it acquires or with which it interoperates, including the consequent safety and security characteristics. Finally, it requires that each stakeholder clearly communicates to the other stakeholders the information required to assure interoperability.

1.5 The requirements in the AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards are intended to apply to medical devices, as well as other connected infrastructure elements, and interoperable medical systems constructed from these. The AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards is intended to be used by individual stakeholders.

1.6 The AAMI/UL 2800 series of standards employ a lifecycle process approach to organizing requirements. In addition to a set of broad management functions, the standards provide for a set of interoperability planning, realization, deployment, and monitoring activities. These activities also incorporate cross-cutting requirements for security and risk management. The Standards recognize that a given organization may be responsible for only a part of the full range of activities required for an interoperable medical system. Furthermore, the organization's interoperable medical products may provide only a specific or limited functionality. To accommodate this, the standards provide for flexibility in the scope, sequence, and interaction of these activities. Finally, the standards provide requirements and supplementary guidance on key clinical and engineering properties of an interoperable medical system that are essential to assuring safe and secure interoperability and provide guidance on lifecycle activities.

1.7 The requirements provide a baseline for assuring safe and secure interoperability throughout the lifecycle of the interoperable medical system. In order to meet these requirements, a set of lifecycle processes needs to be established. It is anticipated that many organizations in the interoperability ecosystem will also have requirements for formal quality and risk management processes, as well as those related to specific aspects of product development, such as usability,